

The Nebraska Democrat

ESTABLISHED 1884.

WAYNE, WAYNE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1918.

\$1.50 PER YEAR.

WAYNE COUNTY CALLED TO MOURN HER SOLDIER DEAD

Jens Jorgensen Dies at Camp Funston After Lingering Illness of Two Months of Pneumonia.

GAVE LIFE FOR HIS COUNTRY

After an illness of two months, Jens Jorgensen died at Camp Funston, Kansas, Thursday morning, January 10, 1917, at the age of 23 years 7 months and 7 days. He went from Wayne September 19 with the second contingent of drafted men and at that time seemed in the best of health and spirits. On November 10 he was taken ill with an attack of pneumonia and grew rapidly worse for several days but finally rallied and for a time it was thought by attending physicians to be on the road to recovery. His twin sister, Lena, went to Funston and was with him for eight weeks. His mother went down three weeks ago when he suffered a relapse. At that time an operation was deemed necessary and after that again he rallied and only last week he was thought he would soon be able to come home but the second relapse came and he sank rapidly until the end. His mother and sister were with him when the end came and they did much to make the last hours easy for him.

The body was brought to Wayne Sunday and the funeral services were held at the English Lutheran church Monday afternoon at 1:30, the Rev. J. H. Fetterolf officiating. It was a sad occasion indeed and many sympathizing friends gathered at the church to pay their last respects to the young man who paid the greatest tribute any one can to their country—he gave his life. Rev. Fetterolf spoke simply but his words of comfort cannot fail to bring an eternal hope into the hearts of the bereaved ones who sat before him wrapped in such deep grief. He took for his text "Have Faith in God." He spoke of the bitterness, of the perplexity that creeps in at a time like this. Of the only real comfort being a belief and a faith in the working out of God's problems. He cited the grief of Harry Louder, the Scotch singer. His son, Captain John Louder was killed in action December 28, 1915. Mr. Louder said that he was raging against the cruel fates that had taken his son, yet all the time there was comfort and peace within reach if he had but known it. Mr. Louder said:

"While the grief and pain had been blinding my eyes, God had been waiting patiently to lift the veil and show me the land beyond. I mean that suddenly I realized that I had not seen the last of John, and that we were sure to meet in another world.

"Oh, that I could convey to you the healing balm that that thought was to my soul! I would that I could picture to you the joy of the thought that I was to see my John again at some future date, just as if he had gone simply on a long journey, and was waiting for his mother and me to come to him. And I brought his image before me and imagined him holding out his arms to his mother and myself to enfold us in his loving embrace, and in the joy created by that picture I was able to assuage my pain and distress, and return to almost normal state of mind.

"And because of the great comfort that my belief and faith in the future life have brought me, I have become humbly grateful and thankful that I never mocked the name of God or cast him from before me at any period of life. Because I know, I am convinced, that he has helped me to bear this great blow by making my conviction stronger than ever that this life is not the end."

Then continuing, he says, "And this is what every American father and mother who loses a son must do—have strong unbreakable faith in the future life in the world beyond where you will see your son again. Do not give way to grief as I did. Instead, keep your gaze and faith fixed firmly on the world beyond, and regard your boy's absence as tho he were but on a long journey."

The Normal Quartette sang some beautiful selections. The flowers were lovely, mute reminders of the love of relatives and friends for the deceased. The casket was draped in the flag and the body of the boy was dressed in his uniform of olive-drab. May he come to his just reward for his supreme sacrifice—a member of

Christ's army. He leaves to mourn his early death his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hans Jorgensen, his twin sister, Lena; and three brothers, Petér, Anders, and John. Interment was made in Greenwood cemetery. To the bereaved relatives the Democrat offers heartfelt sympathy.

CLASSIFICATION OF OUR REGISTERED MEN

Below we give the classification of the registered men who have filed their questionnaires. When a call is made for more men they will be first taken from Class I. and then class II. and so on until the kaiser says he is ready to quit. Clerk Reynolds of the local board furnishes the reports as fast as the men are classified:

- Class I.**
- 231 John Lion's Bush
 - 232 James Edward Miles
 - 233 Richard Pinkham
 - 234 Chris Nelson, jr.
 - 235 Elmer Blaine Farrier
 - 236 Peter Richard Beckman
 - 237 Charles Augustine Carlson
 - 238 Carl Herman Kling
 - 239 Frank Griffith, jr.
 - 243 Carl Earnest Spittgerber
 - 244 Herbert William Bergt.
 - 245 Hugh J. Hughes
 - 250 George Herman Rohwer
 - 252 Tipton Emmons
 - 257 William Raymond Hickman
 - 259 Jacob Waggoner
 - 264 Clifton Edmond Hurlbert
 - 266 Clarence Albert Stewart
 - 269 Albert Ethen Hering
 - 270 Lee Elliot Sellon
 - 271 Willie August Lambrecht
 - 274 Chris Rosacker
 - 275 Frank James Lyons.
 - 281 Ralph Warren Horn
 - 290 Emil Otto Rodgers
 - 291 Louis W. G. Rehms
 - 293 Emil Nieten
 - 296 Edward John Hovendick
 - 303 Fredrick Carl Moyder
 - 304 Carl August Wm. Madsen
 - 306 Henry Harry Sweigard
 - 307 Alexander Christian Gable
 - 308 Lloyd Albert Jones

- Class II.**
- 230 Edward Gustav Wessel
 - 241 B. McEachen
 - 251 Chester Arthur Witt
 - 260 Harry Arthur Burris
 - 261 Donald Horton Cunningham
 - 262 Frederick Wilhelm Weible
 - 265 Robert William Swanson
 - 272 Earl Lound
 - 277 Ludwig Carl Bauer, jr.
 - 278 Frederick George Miller
 - 283 Claude C. Forney
 - 292 Walter Henry Obst
 - 302 Henry Fred Adolph Heesemann
 - 305 Joseph Mattingly

- Class III.**
- 247 Benjamin Frederick Ahlvers
- Class IV.**
- 248 William Herman Lucke
 - 249 Elmer Boeckenhauer
 - 253 Ross Earl Hargan
 - 256 John Archibald Lindsay
 - 258 Ora McWilliams
 - 263 Gene Sherman Carr
 - 285 Vernon Lee Gibson
 - 288 Paul Bruckner
 - 289 Gust Martin
 - 294 Henry Miller
 - 297 Beverly Francis Strahan
 - 298 Per Anton Mattson
 - 299 Arthur Wallace Ahern
 - 300 Frank Brown

- Class V.**
- 221 Patrick Henry Sherlock
 - 246 Ralph Waldo Hahn
 - 158 Fred Pilger
 - 255 Fredrick Jensen
 - 273 William Patrick Finn
 - 279 Philip Tracy Kohl
 - 280 Louis Thomsen
 - 284 John William Ferdinand Pfeil
 - 286 August Robert Richard Brandenberg.
 - 287 Rodney Vernon Garwood

HOSPITAL NOTES

Baby Lessman was brought to the hospital Sunday evening suffering with an attack of pneumonia. At this writing the child is very much improved.

Mrs. Ray had her adenoids removed Monday.

Henry Isom of Dixon had an operation for hernia Tuesday. He is getting along nicely.

Miss Daisy Fox will be able to go home this week. She has been having quite a siege but is now on the road to complete recovery.

Mrs. Fred Puls came from Norfolk today to have her adenoids removed.

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—

Sale Bills and cards printed right at the Democrat office.

THE CONSERVATION THAT PLEASES

Two weeks ago the Democrat announced a new plan of conservation—that any subscriber, or person who wished to become a subscriber to this paper might have the benefit of 50 cents reduction from the \$1.50 subscription price by coming in or sending advance subscription to this office. The response has been very gratifying. The old and new alike taking advantage of the offer, and glad of the opportunity.

The offer still holds good, and is simply this: **\$1.00 buys a copy of the Democrat each week until January 1, 1919.**

With a \$2.00 limit, making credit to 1920.

Any subscriber is entitled to this rate by simply hurrying in with the price and any past due subscription that may have been neglected, because it is such a small matter and so easily forgotten. The figures following your name on the margin of the paper are intended to tell you your standing, thus "John Jones 1-7" means that Mr. Jones had his subscription paid until January, 1917, and would owe one year to date. It will be appreciated if readers will give this little matter their attention now, while we are giving them this opportunity to profit by so doing. If you have reason to think your account is not correctly given, tell us, and let it be investigated. We will appreciate it if all will give this matter attention, for if we are paid ALL due us, we can pay OUR DEBTS and make others glad. "The Latch String is Out."

Yours for CONSERVATION,
GARDNER & WADE, Publishers.
Nebraska Democrat, Wayne, Nebraska.

WAYNE COUNTY STOCKMEN IN ANNUAL MEETING

In spite of bad weather there was a good meeting of the members of the Wayne county Pure Breeders' association at the city hall Friday morning, but the attendance was small on account of the severe cold. The reports of the officers showed that the organization was a healthy one for an infant, not yet being a year old. We have not been given a copy of the financial and membership reports, but they show progress from the first.

The election of officers and directors resulted in retaining the officers elected when the organization formed, and follow:

V. L. Dayton, President, Wayne.
Harry Tidrick, Vice Pres., Winfield.
H. J. Miner, Sec. Gen., Wayne.
Directors—Henry Cozad, Vern Richardson, Geo. McEachen, and Albert Sals, Wayne; Wm. A. Meyer, Fred Sandahl, and W. W. Evans, Wakefield; H. C. Prince, and P. Iverson, Winfield; and Burress Bros., Carroll.

The association had provided a dinner for the members, and extended the invitation to those who had accompanied them on their booster trip last fall and the representatives of the Public Service Club, the agricultural department of the college and the press. The ladies of the Baptist church provided a most excellent dinner, and it was much enjoyed, when more than thirty gathered about the board.

President Dayton took matters in hand at the close of the meal, and ruled that no other member of the organization was to make any after-dinner talk, the Farmer McEachen maintained that it was not fair to him but the president held his advantage. He introduced P. M. Corbit, the orator of the Wayne county commissioners, who told of the need of organized effort on the part of farmers and breeders to meet the needs of the country during the war times. His talk was good, to the point, and well received.

Prof. E. E. Lackey of the department of agriculture of the Wayne Normal told of the aims of the agricultural department of the school, and how they tried to interest and instruct the youth in the great game of agriculture. He told how they took the different branches of farm business, such as dairying, stock raising, bees, grain, orchard and other lines and instructed in the best methods as determined by the experience of practical farmers and the scientific farmer. The school is doing a good work.

Jas. Coupe, a government employee was present, a man who has been successful in helping farm production and farm management among the farmers, gave a short talk explaining his work and how the patriotic farmers are profiting and at the same time helping to win the war. He told of many Nebraska counties, and counties in other states which are engaging the services of an agent to aid in getting the maximum production of the things most desired and needed. His remarks were of a patriotic trend.

J. J. Ahern of the Public Service club closed the dinner talks, telling some of the experiences of the past in getting matters of mutual interest

to country and town before the people, and pledged the support of the business interests of Wayne to any and every enterprise for the betterment of community interests. It was a profitable hour that was spent about the table.

Owing to failure of trains to keep their schedules, Prof. Peters, who was to have spoken during the afternoon meeting could not reach Wayne, so after finishing the business of the day and listening to the address of the president Mr. Coupe was asked to talk to those present and tell of his work and how it is succeeding. His talk was said to be very interesting and instructive, and it was too bad that weather conditions kept so many who had planned to attend.

Upon invitation of those present (not the association) Mr. Coupe promised to make a date to visit Wayne in the near future and give a talk.

He answered many questions asked by those present.

A Red Cross Sale Coming

The members of the association decided to make a Red Cross sale, and while they were not able to fix a date at that time for it, they think it will be held at Wayne some time early in March, when the members will give some of their best young stock, calves, pigs, poultry, and perhaps hogs, cattle and sheep or horses. Not only will they contribute, but they ask that the people generally give so that an all-day sale may be held. It is a good thing, and will bring the association much publicity and the Red Cross a snug sum of money, we predict. Let's all get into the game and make this sale a success whenever it shall be held.

AHERN AND MILLIKEN HONORED

John J. Ahern and James O. Milliken have been chosen to attend the third officers' training camp at Camp Funston, which opened January 7, with Major Lewis Brown as commandant. About 5,000 men wanted to train, 2,200 were recommended by their respective commanders and only a few more than 400 were finally chosen. Forty-five were taken from the regular army and 170 from approved schools. Nebraska is largely represented. Other men from this section who were chosen are: Beryl Beeler, Norfolk; Harry H. Johnson, Neligh; Rudolph C. Fuch, Stanton; Cecil W. Conklin, O'Neill.

The school is expected to last three months, at the end of which time the men will return to their respective units, to be held in reserve and drawn and commissioned as second lieutenants as vacancies appear.

ORPHANS' HOME SENDS THANKS

A letter was received this week from H. R. Lemen, Superintendent of the Orphans' Home at Council Bluffs by the secretary of the W. C. T. U. saying that the sacks of clothing and dried fruit had been received at the Home and he asked that the donors of the gifts be thanked through the local press. He said they were deeply grateful for everything sent from the kind people of Wayne and we are glad to extend the gratitude of the kiddies to the kind hearted Wayne people who remembered them at this time.

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—
Advertise it in the Democrat.

"NO PLACE TO LOAF"

"Waal, guess you're right the times do change." The old man paused and shifted his quid of tobacco to his north cheek. "Yesterday—waal 'twas some different 'round these parts." The reporter scented a story and stopped to chat. "See by the Democrat that the stores are goin' to close at six o'clock. 'Ht swan, I don't know what I'm goin' to do for a place ter loaf while I'm waitin' fer my evenin' paper. But I'm not complainin', Miss, if Uncle Sam says conserve why, darn it, I'm fer conservin' every time. Waal, waal, before the state went dry I used to hang round the saloons a little bit, jest fer sociality, ye understand. Mebbe I did have one once in a while 'long 'bout 'lection time but not 'cause I liked it. No stree! Then when Wayne went dry I took to hangin' round the drug stores of evenin's cause I had to have my paper else I couldn't go to bed. And now, what's a feller goin' to do? But then I said that same thing 'way back there when us fellers had to give up sittin' round _____'s grocery store of evenin's on boxes, tellin' stories. Say! them air stories was great (the old man's eyes glistened with happy recollections) ye don't hear no sech stories these days. Thot I'd never be able to give up the old bunch and stay ter home but now (the old fellow shook his head sadly) I've had ter give up a lot ter make way fer these dang'd new fashion'd ideas. Now there's no place ter loaf and there ain't no loafers either."

WHO IS ASHAMED OF VERSES SENT

The Democrat has received verses of more or less merit at different times which have not been published for one reason, the name of the author or person sending them was not given—A Friend—we think we have too many friends for such a signature to be very definite. Another reason for omitting one of the poems was the fact that its purpose appeared to be to cast reflections on the conscripted men. We believe that the conscription is the fairest method yet adopted for the selection of men for service, and while we honor the volunteer for stepping out and offering his services, we have nothing but praise for that army of young men who have stepped from the walks of civil life to the ranks of soldier life, a million strong. We cannot consider their motive less worthy because the selection was made by the government instead of their own will. They have gone willingly when called, and they did their duty at home until that call came. All honor to the American soldier, whether a volunteer or a conscripted man. The world has known no better soldiers—and their motives and ideals are of the highest type.

Program

"The Battle Hymn of the Republic"
"The Star Spangled Banner," Choir and Congregation.
Scripture Reading and Prayer, Rev. Erend MacGregor.
Origin and Purpose of the Service Flag, Mr. O. R. Bowen.
Presentation of Flag, Wm. Beckenhauer.
Music, Selected, Choir.
Roll Call of Boys in Service, Mr. W. D. Redmond.
Solo and Chorus, "Keep the Home Fires Burning," Professor Coleman and Choir.
Talk, "Keep the Home Fires Burning," Mr. H. H. Hahn.
"Christianity and the War," I. H. Britell.
Dedication Address, Mr. C. H. Hendrickson.
"America," Choir and Congregation.
Benediction.

—\$2 to Jan. 1920—
Mr. and Mrs. Jens Anderson were guests of the Wm. Beutow family Sunday.

DISTRICT HOME MISSIONARY MEETING HERE WEDNESDAY

Very Enthusiastic Gathering—Representatives From Neighboring Towns Here to Enjoy the Day.

PLANS FOR 1918 DISCUSSED

Wednesday afternoon at the home of Rev and Mrs. D. W. MacGregor a group meeting of the Home Missionary society was held. About sixty-five ladies were present, our neighboring towns of Carroll, Winfield, Sholes, Laurel and Wakefield were represented, and the afternoon was one of rare enjoyment and profit to everyone present.

The program was as follows:
Opening song "America," by all; Mrs. Geo. Crossland, the district president, presided at the meeting and gave a very interesting talk on the motto of the society, "For the Love of Christ and in His Name," and the purpose, "Help Win America for Christ." Mrs. Yaryan of Carroll read a portion of the Scriptures; Mrs. McKenzie of Carroll, conference president, had for her subject, "How to Make the Auxiliary More Interesting;" Mrs. Main sang a very pretty solo, "The Prayer Perfect;" the conference deaconess, Miss Glaze, gave an address on, "Woman's Home Missionary Work." Miss Glaze is an exceptionally forceful speaker and her words did much to arouse an enthusiasm in the work; Mrs. Oman sang a solo, "Mother." Mrs. Oman never fails to please; Miss Agnes Glenn, a returned missionary, was present and spoke on the subject, "What Home Missionary Work is Doing for Foreign Missions." Miss Glenn's talk was very good. She cited the fact that it was thru home missions that missionaries were sent to foreign fields; Mrs. Will Rennick gave a short talk on the work accomplished by the Queen Esther.

A buffet luncheon, very delicious and elaborate was served.
The Home Missionary society members have accomplished a great deal of real missionary work during the past year and this meeting cannot fail to arouse them to greater enthusiasm. The out of town guests were loud in their praise of Wayne's hospitality.

RAILROAD MEN TO STAY ON JOB

When a railroad man gave notice recently that he was going to quit the job, he was told not to do so just then at least. Below we give a quotation from a circular sent by the "Omaha" to employees by their president, James T. Clark, who quotes the following from W. G. McAdoo, the director general of the railroads: "Every railroad officer and employe is now, in effect, in the service of the United States, and every officer and employe is just as important a factor in winning the war as the men in uniform who are fighting in the trenches."

"I am giving careful consideration to the problems of railroad employes, and every effort will be made to deal with these problems justly and fairly and at the earliest possible moment. There should be a new incentive to everyone in railroad service while under Government direction to acquit himself with honor and credit to himself and to the country."

ED GRANQUIST BURNED ABOUT FACE AND HANDS

Last Saturday, Ed Granquist, son of Mrs. Ole Granquist, was quite severely burned, his face and hand being the worst scorched. They have an oil burning furnace at the farm home and the lad went to light the fire therein, it having gone out. While the fire was out, it seems that oil had been running and had generated considerable gas which exploded when he went to light the oil to again start the fire. At last reports he is getting along well, and will probably soon be about as well as every

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—
COUNTY JUDGE BRITTON ILL
Judge Britton was taken ill Wednesday while at work in his office at the court house. He was taken to his home and Dr. Lutgen was summoned at once. It is thought at this time that the judge is suffering from a cerebral hemorrhage as his mind seems to be a blank. The Democrat trusts that his illness will not prove a serious one.

EYES EXAMINED

GLASSES FITTED

I Can Make Your Glasses While you Wait

R. N. DONAHEY
 Exclusive Optical Store
 Wayne.

BUY ANOTHER WAR SAVINGS STAMP

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Dr. White, Dentist, Phone 307, residence phone 300.

Mrs. Fred Foster to Sioux City Monday on a business trip.

Call J. E. Mahaffey for Auto Eivery. All calls answered promptly day or night. Phone 445.

Miss Clara Salzwed of Norfolk arrived Saturday evening for a visit at the Peter Henkle home.

Mrs. Garret Engelhart returned to Pender Monday after a visit here with her daughter, Mrs. Henry Hansen.

Miss Laura Walway went to Emerson Saturday where she expects to visit home-folks and friends over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. N. Gossard returned to their home at Norfolk Monday after a visit here with the A. P. Gossard family.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Kiling of Hoskins were Wayne visitors Monday. They went to Oakland to make a visit with relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Goodyear returned Saturday afternoon from a visit of several weeks with relatives and friends at Banks and Haron, South Dakota.

Miss Rossie Clark of Kearney and Miss Lulu Smith of Wayne went to Coleridge Saturday morning where they will visit relatives and friends for some time. The young ladies are cousins.

Mrs. Henry Foltz went to Sioux City Monday for the day. She was accompanied by her sister, Miss Wright of Timber Lake, South Dakota, who has been visiting here for a couple of weeks.

THE FOLKS AT HOME EXPECT YOU TO TELL 'EM ALL ABOUT "OMAHA'S FUN CENTRE," THE Gayety VISIT IT!

Exhilarating Burlesque - Vaudeville

Stage Always Filled with Pretty Girls; Funny Clowns, Gorgeous Equipes; Brilliant Scenic Environment

LADIES' DINE MATINEE EVERY WEEKDAY

Everybody Goes; Ask Anybody

ALWAYS THE BIGGEST AND BEST SHOW WEST OF CHICAGO

Mrs. Art Auker of Winside was visiting here Friday last.

Theo. Kling of Hoskins was a Wayne business visitor Monday.

Mrs. Thos. Henessy and daughter Agnes of Carroll were Sioux City visitors Friday.

W. S. Daniels, a printer employed on the Wausa Gazette, was a Wayne visitor Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Gifford of Randolph came Saturday evening to visit a short time at the Roy Sharp home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Foster and daughter Nita, went to Sioux City Friday where they will visit a couple of days and do some shopping.

House dresses for less than the making will cost you now, at Mrs. Jeffries' store for the women. Save money by purchasing there.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Mershon returned to their home at Sioux City Monday after a visit here with Mr. and Mrs. Albert Jones. Mrs. Mershon is Mrs. Jones' aunt.

For Sale. Good 6-room house and 15 lots, 3 blocks from high school, city water, good cistern, and barn. Plenty of fruit. Price \$3,000. Terms. Address John B. Hinks, 615 Fourth avenue south, Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Cunningham and daughter Virginia went to Los Angeles, California, Saturday where they will spend the balance of the winter and if they find a suitable location may decide to locate there permanently.

Miss Agnes Richardson returned to her school duties Monday after a vacation of a few days caused by a case of scarlet fever of one of her school children. The case proved to be but slight and every precaution is being made to prevent a spread of the disease.

The Wayne county delegates to the Farmer Union State meeting at Lincoln last week were Fred Ulrich of Winside, Nels Johnson of Carroll, Geo. Drevsen and Aug. Hohnke of Hoskins, N. Nelson of Winside and David Davis of Carroll. They report a splendid meeting. An account of the meeting is given in another column.

D. D. Mayden and wife, who formed a dividend at Randolph, but of late have been sojourning at Littleton, Colorado, stopped here and visited at the Panabaker home last week while returning to Randolph. They report fine weather in Colorado a few days ago when they left, and only last week the farmers were out plowing. Yet they longed to come back to Nebraska.

Rev. and Mrs. H. O. Ward came Saturday from Eyerly, Iowa, where he is pastor of the Methodist church.

Brother Ward graduated from printing office into the Sunday school mission work, engaging with the American Sunday school union when he laid down the stick and rule to preach the golden rule. They were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Young while visiting Wayne friends.

Down Goes Prices on BRAN and SHORTS at the Wayne Roller Mill.

Phone 131. W. R. Weber, Proprietor.

Subscribe now for the Democrat while you can get it for \$1.00.

Mrs. C. E. Gifford went to Battle Creek Tuesday for a short stay.

M. Madsen of Sholes went to Sioux City Tuesday on a business trip.

Everything desirable for women's wear at the Jeffries store for women. Misses Hazel and Cleora James of Carroll were visiting and shopping here Monday.

Mrs. J. R. Winterstine and Mrs. H. W. Winterstine were Sioux City visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. Guy Lyons and Mrs. Herry Stark of Randolph were Wayne business visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. J. H. Smith and daughter Cora returned to Pender Tuesday after a visit here at the Don Fitch home.

Miss Mary Mason went to Norfolk Tuesday on a business trip. Mrs. Lee Mason of Wakefield accompanied her.

Mrs. V. E. Thompson went to Beemer this week to look after some matters of business and visit her mother Mrs. Smith.

Miss Steekelberg, home demonstration agent, went to Tekamah Tuesday where she will take up some special work in the interest of food conservation.

Willard Moran returned from Camp Cody, New Mexico, Monday. He has been a volunteer in the service but was discharged on account of his extreme youth.

On account of having to take charge of funeral services near Norfolk, Rev. W. M. Purce was unable to keep his appointment here Saturday. He will give Wayne a date later.

N. J. Maxwell was called to Creston Tuesday by word that his daughter-in-law, who has been suffering from pneumonia at that place was worse. She was most seriously ill.

John Korff went to Hartington Tuesday for a short visit with home folks and to see his brother, Carl, who is home from Camp Funston on a furlough. John is a student here at the Normal.

Ed Sala, who has been here from Colome, South Dakota, on account of the illness of his mother, returned to his home Tuesday. Mrs. Sala is expected to be able to be moved to her home from a Sioux City hospital this week.

Furs will be higher next season, so it will be to your advantage to buy now, for you can use them for three months yet, and then keep them as cheap as I can, and a good fur always comes in handy, and are in style. See them at Mrs. Jeffries' store for women.

Lee Smith of Camp Funston, Kansas, and J. M. Strahan of Fort Omaha, arrived Tuesday for a week's furlough with home folks. Mr. Strahan was transferred a month ago from Camp Funston to the signal corps at Fort Omaha. Both the boys are well pleased where they are stationed.

Word was received the first of the week that four young men who were to report for duty in the U. S. army Wednesday will await further orders from headquarters. The men are: Warren Charles Shulthels, Byron Henry Kloppling, Charles Willard Foster and Charles Frederick Harrison.

Mrs. S. R. Theobald went to Macon, Missouri, Monday, where she goes for medical treatment. She was accompanied by her daughter, Miss Monte, who will go to San Antonio, Texas, to take up her duties as teacher in the schools there. Miss Monte has been here with her parents for some months.

V. L. Dayton went to Lincoln Monday, and this week attending the meetings of the state organization of Holstein-Friesian breeders, of which society he is one of the directors. This week Lincoln is the center of many farm and stock men, of interest for many farm and stock men, for the many societies interested in these pursuits are there this week. No branch of industry has made more rapid strides in the matter of legitimate organization for the betterment of their conditions and increased and improved production than the farm and stock men. True many interests have formed closer combines and invented queezing combinations calculated to catch them both coming and going; but the major portion of the farm organizations are for improved methods of production rather than illegal price-boosting—but just now they find their prices well toward the top—in fact, probably never in the history of agriculture has the farmer received so much "sound money" for his crops as today.

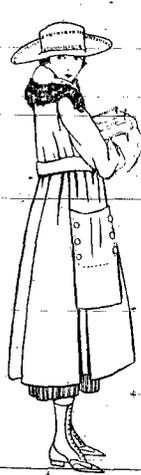
"Doing our bit" we exchange 38 lbs. of Wayne Superlative or 45 lbs. Graham flour for each bushel of good milling wheat. If you have no wheat let us buy it for you. Wayne Roller Mills. W. R. Weber, Proprietor.—adv.

January Bargains

Here are money-saving prices on good, first-class Winter merchandise. Buy what you can use of them for next winter, you'll save at least one-half on them.

AHERN'S

Ladies' Coats and Suits and Children's Coats Very Cheap



We have about one hundred garments to sell—new, this year's goods—and will make a money-saving bargain price on any coat or suit you may select.

AHERN'S

Blankets and Comforters

Here is your last chance to buy them at the old prices. They will be about double these prices next winter. Only seventy-five pairs of cotton blankets and two cases of comforters left to sell. We bought them last spring when cotton was 12 cents a pound. Today cotton is 32 cents a pound, and climbing. You will pay about twice as much for similar blankets and comforts next winter.

AHERN'S

Overshoes at the Old Prices



January 1, overshoe prices went up 18 per cent. As long as our present stock lasts we will sell them at the old prices. It will pay you well to get your next winter's overshoes now. Men's, Women's and Children's.

AHERN'S

Fur Muffs and Scarfs Cheap

We have marked them down to close them out. Twenty nice muffs, mostly the popular melon shape, and several nice collars to choose from.

AHERN'S

Bargain Shoe Table

We have set out all the odd pairs of men's, women's and children's shoes, and marked them at a closing price. If your size is on this table, you can get a good pair of everyday shoes here at a bargain.



AHERN'S

Only Six Room-Size Rugs Left

Three of them we will sell at \$17.50
 Three of them we will sell at \$20.00

All 9 x 12-foot sizes, all-wool, guaranteed colors, good patterns, and big bargains.

Ahern's

You Were Spared the Firing Line

Won't You Help Those Who Went?

You stayed at home; another went to fight in your defense.

"Over there" in a snow-crusted, blood-soaked trench American soldiers have loaned their lives for you.

Are you loaning your money for them?

You can loan your money and help by investing in War Savings Stamps.

United States War Savings Stamps are sold in 25-cent sizes, known as "Thrift Stamps," and 55 sizes, known as "War Savings Certificate Stamps."

The 25-cent stamps do not bear interest, but when sixteen are collected they can be turned in as cash on a "War Savings Stamp" that pays 4% interest compounded quarterly.

You can buy War Savings Stamps at the Post Office, at banks and at most stores.

SOLD THRU

State Bank of Wayne

HENRY LEY, President
 C. A. CHACE, Vice President

ROLLE W. LEY, Cashier,
 H. LUNDBERG, Ass't Cashier.

**WORLD-FAMED MARY GARDEN
HERE IN GOLDWYN'S "THAIS"**

Mary Garden, probably the most famous woman in the world, will be seen at the Crystal Theatre, Thursday January 24, in "Thais," a Goldwyn photoplay from the same sensational novel by the great French writer, Anatole France, that was the basis of the opera in which she made her debut in America as a prima donna. "Thais" also marks the first appearance of Miss Garden in motion pictures.

The Story

The action of "Thais" takes place mainly in the city of Alexandria at a time when Christianity had obtained its first foothold in the civilized world. Christians are still being stoned in the streets, and pagans are still worshipping gods in which they no longer believe. Paphnutius, a wealthy young man who has shared in most of the pleasures of the city, has developed a fondness for books, and has formulated a philosophy which cannot accept the old gods of his fathers. In this frame of mind he is approached by a Christian priest who endeavors to convert him.

His friend, Nicias, a worldly man, sees that the priest is about to succeed, and, while he has no particular sentiment in the matter, he tells Paphnutius he had better not make any radical decisions until he has seen life, and to this adds no man has seen life until he has seen Thais, a famous beauty of the city, whose many notorious love affairs have scandalized the known world even in those times of easy morals.

Accordingly Paphnutius goes with Nicias to see Thais. He promptly becomes infatuated with her, and also catches her passing fancy. But leaving her home, he is set upon by another lover in jealous rage, and in self defense kills the man. The murder preys upon his mind because he has been told by the Christian priest that there is no forgiveness for such a sin, and at last he determines to make the bitterest atonement by joining the monks far out on the desert. Time passes and Paphnutius, now a monk, becomes celebrated for his holiness. Thais has thought of him occasionally, a thing which is unusual in her, but she learns nothing from Nicias beyond the fact that he has renounced worldliness for Christ.

**COMING PURE BRED
STOCK SALE DATES**

DUROC JERSEY HOGS
Wednesday, January 30, 1918.
Stuthman & Koehlmoos, Pilger, Nebraska.

POLAND CHINA HOGS
Wednesday, February 20, 1918.
Chas. H. Schram, New Castle, Nebraska.

At last a holy brother suggests to Paphnutius that it would be a great aid to the Christian cause if Thais, queen of the sinful pleasures of the world, were to be converted. And after a time Paphnutius decides that it is his duty to undertake the great task.

So back he goes to Alexandria, dresses in the rich garments lent him for the purpose by a friend, over his priestly garb, and goes to visit Thais. At first she is amused when he tells her of his purpose, and then, seeing him everywhere she goes, becomes afraid. He points out to her the shallowness of the pleasures she enjoys, and urges upon her the great benefits of the new religion.

Finally Thais yields. She will obey him in all things. He bids her destroy her treasures, renounce her vanities and go with him to become a nun. All these things she does uncomplainingly. She takes the vows and assumes the veil, while Paphnutius goes off to join the hermit monks and announce that he has accomplished his task.

Thais spend many days at her novitiate; and then one night, after a stormy dream, runs away into the desert. She loses her way after long traveling and falls dying. She repents her sins then, and soon is found and taken back to the convent.

In the meantime Paphnutius, loving Thais despite himself, regrets that he has taken her away from her life of luxury, and at last deserts his comrades and starts out to find her. He arrives just as she is breathing her last and hears from her lips that she is consecrated to God, a sinner who has become a saint, while he is a saint who has become a sinner.

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—

**BOYS IN KHAKI WILL WORK
WITH FOOD ADMINISTRATION**

Omaha, Neb., January 15.—Millers' tion with the plans of the federal food administration for Nebraska of the soldiers stationed at Forts Omaha and Crook was assured when Colonel Hersey, in command at Fort Omaha, and Colonel Douglas Settle, commanding at Fort Crook, met in conference with administrator Wattle.

The voluntary signing of pledge cards by the soldier boys; a board of officers in each camp to promulgate and carry out rules and regulations;

And talks on food substitution to the mess men and cooks by a representative of the home economics department, were the suggestions of co-operation by the commanding officers.

"Substitution of foods will be the chief line of co-operation," said the officers in a joint statement. "We will not cut the rations or make them less nutritive. It means we will systemize the methods of intelligent saving of foods which can be exported."

WITH THE WAYNE CHURCHES

Methodist Episcopal Church
(Rev. D. W. MacGregor, Pastor)
Sunday school at 10 a. m. This service will be merged into the 11 a. m. service without dismissal until 12 o'clock.

Dedication of the "Service Flag," and the placing a Star after each soldier boy's name, as their names are read. See special program. Don't miss this flag service. The Boy Scouts and G. A. R. veterans will assist. Special music.

Epworth League, Boy Scouts, and Intermediate League will meet at 6:30 in the evening.

The pastor will preach in the evening. Subject "The Feast." We extend a cordial invitation to the public. Attend our services if you are not attending other churches. You will be welcome.

The orchestra will give us some fine music at League next Sunday evening.

Rev. Ward of the Northwest Iowa Conference preached a powerful sermon to a large and appreciative audience Sunday evening.

The Queen Esther girls will give a "Pot Pourri" entertainment in the church basement rooms on Saturday evening. If you fail to hear the Jazz Band and other attractions you will regret it when you hear about it after. Proceeds to be divided between the Red Cross and the Queen Esther society.

Dr. Furman writes, "Will be at Wayne, Sunday, February 10th, a. m. and p. m."

Presbyterian Church
(Rev. S. Xenophon Cross, Pastor)

If a thing is worth doing at all, it is worth doing well. If a church merits your support at all, it deserves your whole-hearted, undivided, support.

We are passing quickly thru this life. Let us share each other's burdens a bit as we go along. To do that will make life more pleasant and efficient for ourselves and others. It is a good thing for churches and church people to co-operate as far as possible. Churches and church folks should not be behind other institutions and other folks in the conservation movement.

The Nebraska Synod, at a recent meeting, urges the churches of the state to supplement the salaries of pastors during the present crisis. It is hard for some of us to make ends meet.

We extend our sympathy to our sister church in Wakefield in the loss of their efficient and loved pastor's wife, Mrs. S. H. King. She will be missed by many in our own congregation.

Next Sunday will be communion day. All are urged to be present in the spirit of fellowship, as becomes the occasion. The times would seem to demand brotherliness on our part. Dr. Wm. H. Kearns was prevented by illness from keeping his Wayne appointment for last Sunday. He now expects to be here on the last Sunday of this month. Plan to hear him.

Baptist Church
(Rev. Fletcher J. Jordan, Pastor)

Next Sunday morning Dr. Bruce Kinney and Rev. C. H. Bancroft will be with us. Dr. Kinney is the general superintendent of the Midland division of the American Baptist Mission society. Rev. C. H. Bancroft is the budget secretary for the state of Nebraska. The morning service begins at 10:30. These men are specialists in their own departments and other lines of service and will be glad to give all the aid that they can. Be sure to come next Lord's day and give these gentlemen a royal welcome. In the evening at 7:30 the pastor will speak. Special music at these services.

Sunday school as usual after the morning worship. Let us get the habit of remaining for the study of God's Word. "We shall maintain our liberties only by the religious instruction of our youth," says George Washington. College students will find a welcome for them in the young people's class taught by the pastor. Come you are welcome.

B. Y. P. U. meets at 6:30. The subject is "Young Christians Reaching Outward." Gal. 6: 1-10.

Choir rehearsal Thursday evening at 7:30. A full attendance is earnestly desired.

Let us come out to the Lord's house next Sunday with prayer and thanks, giving upon our lips. Strangers are always welcome to worship with us and to share the social and religious life of the church.

St. Paul's English Lutheran Church
(Rev. J. H. Fetterolf, Pastor)

The usual schedule of services will be carried out at this church next Sunday. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Luther League at 6:45 p. m.

It will pay U to read the advs first.

Dear Wayne:--

Thursday, January 24th, you may see me in Goldwyn's magnificent production "Thais", at The Crystal Theatre. This is my first motion picture and in Wayne you may see me first at The Crystal Theatre.

Just think! I began by not liking motion picture work--and now I adore "The movies."

Where thousands heard or saw me at the Opera or in concert millions now may see me in Goldwyn's "Thais."

It is thrilling!

Won't you please come to see my "Thais?"

Sincerely,

Mary Garden.

**NEBRASKA FARMERS UNION
INCREASES ITS CAPITAL**

Their Mutual Company is placed on firmer basis—Carroll Sextette Makes Hit.

The farmers' union convention in session at Lincoln last week made more history by taking steps to increase the capital of its state exchange and to make its insurance company more efficient and effective. The business of the exchange has been growing so rapidly that more money is needed to swing it. A call was made for help and a number of members subscribed various amounts, some writing big checks on the spot.

The present capital is \$50,000 but it is likely to reach any sum up to a million dollars when the exchange needs the cash to expand. The members of every one of the 1225 locals in the state will be asked to chip in and the locals themselves as bodies will do their bit. The union now has 35,000 members and it was figured out that if each subscribed \$10, a capital of \$360,000 would be added. The convention came back strong with the assurance that whatever amount of coin was needed to operate the exchange successfully at any old time would be promptly forthcoming. The loans will run for a period of ten years and will draw 5 per cent interest.

The Farmers' Mutual Insurance company was reported to be in shape now to care for the needs of its members, which was not the case when it was first launched. It was reported to the convention that there were several fire insurance companies whose annual expenses were so excessive that they exceed the total amount paid for premiums. Such extravagance did not suit the farmers and they shied against paying big sums for fire and windstorm protection where a large percentage of cost was

consumed in getting business.

The Olympic Sextette of Carroll, familiarly known as the farmers' union sextette, which has furnished music for the convention since it opened its doors Wednesday morning, has proved a big hit with the farmers. The sextette has been recalled a number of times to give another number.

One of the most dramatic incidents occurred Thursday afternoon after the singers had rendered a patriotic number entitled "The Flag Never Touched the Ground." The crowd arose to its feet and gave one of the biggest demonstrations of patriotic fire ever witnessed. The members of the organization live near Carroll and have been singing together for four years. The members are John Davis, E. G. Evans, H. G. Evans, Ivo Morris, Celyn Morris and Richard Pinkham. They live in a Welch community. All are farmers and are members of the union. The sextette gave its closing concert Thursday evening.

Joseph Roberts, formerly president of the Nebraska state fair board, and a members of the organization, disturbed its serenity by rising to his feet and with dramatic intensity demanding that the official paper of the union be "100 per cent American." But the query did not get far. After another member had asked Mr. Roberts to explain, the convention was asked if it wanted to dig into the matter. The convention said "no" emphatically and the incident was closed. Friends of Mr. Roberts explained that he did not intend to question the loyalty of the paper, but rather to sound a warning that its course be on the highest patriotic ground.

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—

BEAUTIFUL BATES COUNTY, Missouri, corn, clover and blue grass farms for sale; write for free booklet. Charles R. Bowman, Butler, Mo.—367f

**SURGICAL DRESSINGS' CLASS
ARE MAKING GREAT RECORD**

The class in surgical dressings, under the able direction of Miss Ella Morrison, are trying to fill their quota of 1600 dressings by the end of January. The class which has been organized for evening work has been an enthusiastic one. Several clerks and teachers have joined and two evenings each week are given over for work on surgical dressings. It is a splendid way to do one's bit besides it is a knowledge of inestimable worth to anyone.

Miss Morrison thinks she will be able to fill the order for 1600 dressings easily if interest keeps up as it is now.

"Interminable folds of gauze For those whom we shall never see, Remember when your fingers pause, That every drop of blood to stain This whiteness falls for you and me, Part of the price that keeps us free To serve our own that keeps us clean From shame that other women know. O, Saviors we have never seen, Forgive us that we are so slow! God—if that blood should cry in vain, And we had let our moments go!"

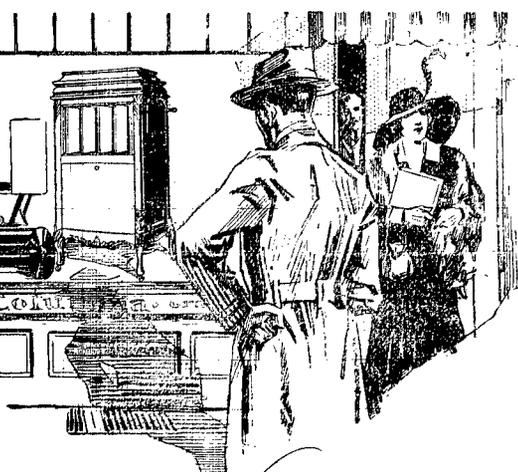
Read the Advertisements.

Dr. T. B. Heckey

Dentist

24 Years in Wayne

**Columbia
Grafonola
and Columbia Records**



Feel Welcome in Our Store

Stop in some day and let us show you a Columbia Grafonola.

You will be allowed to play as many records of your own selection as you wish on different Columbia Grafonola models. You may feel free to ask as many questions about phonographs as you wish—the more you ask the better we will like it.

You are to be the judge and the jury. We will be glad to send a Columbia Grafonola to your home on trial.

Compare the Columbia Grafonola with any machine in the world. In direct comparison it always appears to be best. A Columbia Grafonola may be bought on convenient terms.

A. C. BOHNERT, Agent.

Phone No. 284



Partial Directory of Members of

WAYNE COUNTY PURE BRED BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION

Wayne, Nebraska.

V. L. Dayton, President
Wayne

Harry Tidrick, Vice President
Winside

H. J. Miner, Secretary-Treasurer
Wayne

Pure Bred Shorthorns The foundation cow on which this herd started was Daybreak 3d Five of this tribe now in herd. Dale's Czar now at head of herd. Peter Ulrich, Winside.

H. J. Miner
Polled Durham and Shorthorn Cattle bred for beef and milk. Silver Laced Wyandotte chickens Farm 1 mile south of Wayne

V. L. Dayton
Offers Bargains in Single Comb Rhode Island Red Cockerels during November
Phone 112-400 Wayne, Neb.

Geo. McEachen, Wayne
Big Type Poland China Hogs of Mouw's Fashion blood McEachen's Big Mouw McKing of Wonders and others

Henry Cozad
CHOICE GOODS STRAIN SHORTHORN CATTLE
Have for sale two choice bull calves and a herd bull.
Wayne, Nebraska

D. H. Cunningham, Auctioneer
Wayne, Nebraska—
Pure Bred Stock Sales and Farm Sales Specialties
Years of Experience

Shorthorn Bulls for Sale Acanthus, Broadheads, Lavender Strains.
H. C. PRINCE, Winside, Neb.
S. C. Brown Leghorn Cockerels \$1.25 each.—Mrs. H. C. Prince.

David D. Tobias, M. D. C.
Assistant State Veterinarian
Phones: Office: Ash 2-264
Residence: Ash 1-264
Office at Brick Barn, Wayne.

C. F. Sundahl
SHORTHORN CATTLE
DUROC JERSEY HOGS
PERCHERON HORSES
Wakefield, Nebraska.

W. H. Neely
LIVE STOCK and FARM
SALE AUCTIONEER.
Specialty Pure Bred Stock Sales
Wayne, Nebraska.

For SALE CATALOGUES,
CARDS, and BILLS see
THE NEBRASKA DEMOCRAT
Phone 145 Wayne, Neb.

Harry Tidrick
POLAND CHINA and
DUROC JERSEY HOGS
At farm southeast of Winside

THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1918.
(Number 3)

GARDNER & WADE, Publishers
Subscription Rates

One Year \$1.50
Six Months75c

Entered at the post office at Wayne, Nebr., as second-class mail matter.

WAYNE MARKET REPORT

Following are the market prices quoted us up to the time of going to press Thursday:

Corn \$1.00 to \$1.35
Oats71
Wheat 1.95
Hay \$11.00
Chickens45
Eggs40
Butter fat50
Hogs 15.00
Cattle \$10.00 @ \$14.00

SHORTER POST OFFICE HOURS

Postmaster Berry asks us to announce in the interest of light and fuel economy, as well as in clerk hire, that beginning the 14th the hours for business at the Wayne post office will be from 6:30 a. m. until 6 o'clock p. m., and from 7:30 p. m. until 8 p. m. The lobby, however will be open as now until 9 o'clock in the evening, except Sundays.

This change gives the force opportunity to go to their supper at the same time, and will really mean 90 minutes shorter day for the office, taken after the last outgoing mail is made up and delivered and before the last mail of the day arrives.

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—

Miss Anna Simonsen and Mrs. W. M. Belles of Randolph were visitors here today.

Variety Store

Closing out Line of

PRINTS, PERCALES,
GINGHAMS, Etc.

At less than Wholesale
Prices.

With raw cotton quoted around 30c the pound, it is no wonder that piece goods of all kinds sell so high just now. There is no chance either that prices will go down. No sane business man will sell goods cheaper than he can replace them, except he wants to hand the sheriff a free entrance ticket. In only one case he may with impunity do so—if he has bought his goods when the market was low and wants to sell them out not to handle them any longer.

And that is exactly what I intend to do with the Piece Goods I have on hand now. I have not room enough to display and handle them right. To make a success out of the Piece Goods department, I would have to enlarge it and I cannot do that on account of lack of space. So I will quit it entirely. I will need all available space for a few entirely new lines which I expect soon.

Nearly all piece goods were bought early last year or the fall previous. They were a good deal cheaper then than they are now. I do not want to claim any charitable intentions and say that I do not want to make any money on the sale of these goods. But having bought them at a low market and not being obliged to replace them at a high market, I can sell them even cheaper than at today's wholesale prices and still make a reasonable profit on them.

Piece Goods sale will start Friday morning.

Common Prints, per yd. .10c
Pilgrim Prints, per yd. .13c
Percales, per yd. .13c
Lakewood Apron and dress Gingham, per yd. .13c
Shirtings, per yd. .12c
Authority Dress Gingham per yd. .15c
Pillow Tubing, per yd. .18c
Mercerized Saten, per yd. .18c
Other goods priced at the same low rate.

J. C. NUSS

SOCIAL NOTES

Minerva Club

The Minerva club met Monday, January 14, with Mrs. J. G. W. Lewis. The lesson topic "Women from the Nineteenth Century to the Present Day," was most ably handled by the leader, Mrs. E. W. Huse. Mrs. Huse gave short sketches of the lives of some of the great feminine personalities of the period. Jenny Lind, Florence Nightingale, Frances Willard, and Harriet Beecher Stowe, received notable mention. Mrs. S. A. Lutgen, accompanied by Mrs. J. T. House sang "Somewhere a Voice is Calling" and responded to an encore. Mrs. Roe read a poem entitled "Conserving Mother." Its sentiment at this time is most opportune.

Mrs. Margaret E. Sheldon, President of the Nebraska Federation of Woman's Clubs has appointed Mrs. J. G. W. Lewis of the Minerva club, chairman of the Civil Service Reform Department of the State Federation. The club thru the courtesy of the author, Mrs. H. H. Hickman, will present a copy of her book "Golden Treasures from Golden Minds" to the Wayne Public Library. The next regular meeting will be with Mrs. House, February 11.

The W. C. T. U. ladies will meet with Miss Redmond, Friday, January 18. Mrs. Wm. Wright will lead devotionals. Mrs. Noakes will give a musical number. A debate on the subject of "Years Teach More Than Books" will be given. Affirmative, Miss Redmond, Mrs. Hiscox, Mrs. Griffith, Negative, Mrs. Flora House, Mrs. Crossland, Mrs. Lutgen. A reading will be given by Mrs. Laughlin.

Mrs. T. W. Moran entertained the Monday club last week. Roll call was responded to by current events. Mrs. Main gave an interesting paper on "What the Y. M. C. A. Does for the Soldiers." It was decided by the ladies that they would dispense with their regular literary meetings and meet at the Red Cross rooms each week and work for the Red Cross.

Monday evening Geo. Roskopf, jr., entertained ten of his boy and girl friends at the home of his parents. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Roskopf. The evening was spent dancing and all had a jolly good time. Luncheon was served at the Calumet cafe. The young folks say that George, jr., is an A No. 1 host.

The Rural Home society will meet with Mrs. Clara Gustafson, Wednesday, January 23. It will be an all day session. Dinner will be served at one o'clock. Miss Steckeberg, home demonstration agent, will give a talk on some phase of food conservation. The afternoon will be spent in doing Red Cross work.

The Helping Hand society will meet with Mrs. Andrew Stamm, Thursday, January 24 in an all day session. Dinner will be served at one o'clock, the husbands and families of the members being invited. The afternoon will be spent sewing for the hostess.

Mrs. W. E. Beaman gave a piano recital at her home Saturday afternoon. It was a great success both for her and the pupils who took part. Parents of pupils and friends report a very pleasant afternoon.

The P. E. O. Sisterhood will meet with Mrs. Myrtle Ringland, Monday evening, January 21. Roll call will be responded to by names and histories of prominent women. Mrs. A. A. Welch will be the leader. (Educational fund.)

Douglas King chapter D. A. R. will meet with Mrs. A. H. Ellis Saturday afternoon. This is a postponed meeting. Miss Florence Gardner is the leader for the afternoon.

The Coterie will meet with Mrs. Frank Morgan Monday next for their regular session. The ladies have decided to give one afternoon every two weeks to work on surgical dressings for the Red Cross.

The Pleasant Valley club will meet with Mrs. V. H. McCheaney, Friday, January 18. Luncheon will be served. The time will be spent on a quilt for the Red Cross.

The girls Bible study circle will meet with Miss Charlotte Ziegler Friday evening.

St. Mary's Guild will meet with Mrs. Hüntner this afternoon.

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—

CLOSE FACTORIES, SAVE COAL

All states east of the Mississippi River received orders today to close all factories with certain few exceptions, for five days, to conserve fuel, and for ten weeks such factories are to close each Monday.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. M. O'Connell went to Emerson today to spend the day with relatives and friends.

Jack Hyatt goes to visit relatives at and near Muscatine, Iowa, today. He lived there a half century ago.

Save enough money to pay part of your income tax by laying in a supply of shoes at Morgan's big overstock shoe sale.

Prof. Britell went to Butte Wednesday evening where he will speak to the patrons of the school at a school meeting tonight.

Mesdames McKenzie, Evan Jenkins, George Yaryan, Matt Jones, Jim Hancock and Ben Cox of Carroll were Wayne visitors Wednesday in attendance at the missionary meeting.

Roy Owen, who is attending school at Chicago, had to get out with other students and use a snow shovel in order to get anywhere, during the recent snow blockade in that city.

Mrs. Wm. Hostettler arrived here from Waterloo, Iowa, Tuesday and visited her husband here until today when she went to Bloomfield to spend some time with her son and wife, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Hostettler.

Mrs. Ella Olsen of Burley, Idaho, was a visitor here today. She was enroute to her home from Wausau where she had been on a business trip. She said when she left there the farmers were plowing and the children were picking dandelions.

Carl Linke went to Omaha Wednesday night with a car load each of hogs and fat cattle. A number of others who would have shipped were disappointed in getting cars. There is quite a scarcity of cars and also of motive-power to move them the country over.

Another cold wave is numbered with the past—it has gone, never to return we hope. The thermometers registered from 26 to 32 below, according to what kind they were and where they hung. Some wind, but not much snow to pile. It called for a lot of coal.

Miss Azel Counts, who has finished the Normal course here, and will be a member of the graduating class in the spring, left Wednesday for a short visit with home folks at Mapleton, Iowa, after which she will go to Climbing Hill, Iowa, to teach third and fourth grades in a new consolidated school there.

Herbert and Lydia Wischhof from Amiret, who have been visiting relatives and friends here for about two weeks, returned to their home at Amiret, Minnesota, last week. They report that all are well there, and that after three years residence there they like the place better than at first, and are well pleased with their home.

R. R. Huff of Belden was a caller this morning while on his way to Sterling to attend a sale of Chester White brood sows, that being his favorite brand of pork producers. Mr. Huff tells us that he will hold his first sale next month—the 14th we believe, at Carroll. He has long read the Democrat and took the limit allowance at conservation prices.

Elsewhere in this issue will be found an article from the pen of Frederic C. Howe under the title of "The Railroads and the New Democracy." It is well worth reading by each and every person under whose eye it comes, for it will give most of us a new and broader conception of what it will mean to the development of the great resources of this land of ours by reason of having the railroads under government control or ownership, as we believe they will eventually be. He tells what it will mean to have equal opportunity in the small places with the larger ones. He shows how under the system of private ownership and management you-and-yours have been discriminated against in many ways in the interest of big money interests. It shows what public ownership has accomplished for the common people of other lands—it shows how a commonsense management of transportation differs from corporation management. We want to do a bit of missionary work, and will send this paper free for one year to one who will read the article carefully and give us a letter for publication answering the article or such parts of it as they think wrong, unfair or untruthful.

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—

THE CRADLE

STRAHAN—Friday, January 11, 1918, to Mr. and Mrs. Percy B. Strahan, a daughter.

WOEHLER—Monday, January 14, 1918, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Woehler, a daughter.

GENSICKEN—Wednesday, January 16, 1918, to Mr. and Mrs. Frits J. Gensicken, a son.

DUNKLAU—Tuesday, January 15, 1918, to Mr. and Mrs. John Dunklau a son.

WE BELIEVE

—in fact we are satisfied this stock will sell at 50% advance within the next 60 days

WM. J. RENNICK

BURRETT W. WRIGHT

Phone No. 9

Wayne Motor Company

Ford Cars

All the Latest Models

ACCESSORIES, GAS, OIL

Complete Repair Equipment

Competent Mechanics

Wayne, Nebraska, January 10, 1918.

TO AUTO OWNERS IN WAYNE AND VICINITY:

We wish to announce that the WAYNE MOTOR COMPANY is the Exclusive Agents of the SPRAGUE TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY of OMAHA, Nebraska. Their plan is to sell tires and tubes to stockholders at 20 per cent discount, guarantee 7 per cent on the money invested and in addition share equally in the profits.

The fact that we have invested our money and taken this Agency is evidence of itself that we consider the proposition a worthy one and would like to have our friends and customers become stockholders and not only make a good investment but receive 20 per cent discount on their tires, which we will be pleased to order for you or furnish from our stock.

Yours truly,

WAYNE MOTOR COMPANY.

By Wm. J. Rennick.

Every Man Backs His Judgment
Do You?

Millions of Dollars Have Been Paid in Dividends to
People Owning Stock in Tire Companies.

\$1000	Republic Rubber Company Amount Invested \$1,000 Became Worth	\$ 80000
\$1000	Fisk Tire & Rubber Company Amount invested \$1,000 Became Worth	\$120000
\$1000	Diamond Rubber Company Amount Invested \$1,000 Became Worth	\$150000
\$1000	B. F. Goodrich Company Amount Invested \$1,000 Became Worth	\$696000
Authority Chicago Herald, March 18, 1917.		
\$1000	The Mohawk Rubber Company began business in 1913 at Akron, Ohio. Up to December, 1916, an original \$1,000 investment in this company had become worth	\$ 12000
\$1000	Up to December, 1916, an original \$1,000 investment in the Firestone Tire & Rubber Company had become worth	\$120000
\$1000	Up to December, 1916, an original \$1,000 investment in the Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company had become worth	\$250000

Authority, Andrews & Company, Investment Bankers
Chicago, New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Cleveland,
Detroit. Statement Issued December, 1916

This Is The Return
Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co.

Dividends to Stockholders

Year	Cash Dividend	Stock Dividend	Cash Dividend on \$1,000 for 8 years	How \$1,000 grew from stock dividend in 8 years
1909	12 per cent	100 per cent	\$ 120.00	\$ 2,000.00
1910	12 per cent	100 per cent	240.00	4,000.00
1911	12 per cent	... cent	480.00	4,000.00
1912	12 per cent	100 per cent	480.00	8,000.00
1913	12 per cent	... cent	960.00	8,000.00
1914	12 per cent	20 per cent	960.00	9,600.00
1915	12 per cent	... cent	1,152.00	9,600.00
1916	12 per cent	100 per cent	1,152.00	19,200.00
			\$5,544.00	

Cash Dividend for 8 years on \$1,000.00 investment \$ 5,544.00 544 per cent
Stock Dividends for 8 years on \$1,000.00 investment \$18,200.00 1820 per cent
Market Value of Stock December 1, 1916, per \$1,000 \$ 2,000.00
Market Value original \$1,000 stock bought 8 years ago \$57,600.00—Increase 5760 per cent
A 12 per cent Cash Dividend in 1917 will net the fortunate stockholder \$2,300.00 on his original investment of \$1,000 of 8 years ago.

A. A. Arter, Agt.

Sprague Tire & Rubber Co.

Care Kohl Land & Investment Co.

THE RAILROADS AND THE NEW DEMOCRACY

Frederic C. Howe, in The Public.

The action of President Wilson in commanding the railroads was a war measure. It is also the greatest peace measure ever taken in America, for there is war within America, just as there is war without. There is war at Washington, in our states, in our cities. It is a war that divides America into two camps; a war that aligns the financiers, monopolists, public utility corporations, lawyers, the press and privileged interests in one camp and the manufacturers, producers, farmers, consumers and labor in another camp.

Government ownership ends this conflict; a conflict that makes it impossible to integrate the talent, the press, the university and the best thought of America into our organic life. This alienation of one class is the costliest burden America has had to pay for the private ownership of the railroads. It is far more costly than rebates, overcharges or an excessive price for the acquisition of railway properties.

Public ownership makes it possible to integrate America into a real nation; a nation in which the purse of the few is no longer at war with their patriotism. It makes it possible for Chambers of Commerce, the press and monopolistic interests to think in terms of service rather than of the protection of privileged classes whose profits and power are dependent upon their control of the government.

It is also now possible for the railroads to be run for service. They can build America. They can serve industry, agriculture, consumer, laborer. And the big difference between the private railroads of America and the public railroads of Europe is that American railroads are run for the railroads, for profit, in Europe they are run to up-build the nation. The competition of a hundred different systems for traffic comes to an end. Quite as important, the struggle for long-haul traffic is over. It now becomes the motive of operation to develop short-hauls; to encourage industries near their natural market. It makes it possible for the first time for farming, cattle raising, food production, to spring up round about the cities instead of being driven by railway discrimination to far distant points. For a generation the Great Lakes, the greatest inland waterway in the world, has been strangled as a carrier by the possession of the harbors, docks and terminal facilities by the railroads. They refused to permit water traffic to develop. For water traffic competes with railway traffic. And from Duluth to Buffalo harbors which should be filled with shipping have been almost the exclusive possession of the steel trust, allied industries, and railroads, which utilized them only to the extent that it benefited their earnings.

The same is true of the great inland waterways, the Mississippi, the Ohio, the Erie Canal and many other smaller canals, which have been in a state of suspended operation, but which can now be opened up to the carriage of bulk traffic.

We can see the effect of such a revolution in operating motive in those countries where the railroads are in public hands. In Belgium the railroads, waterways, docks, and inter-urban systems work as a unit for the upbuilding of Belgium, for making Antwerp one of the great ports of the world. There is little thought of profits. That is a secondary consideration. Hundreds of thousands of workmen are carried out into the country daily; some of them forty or fifty miles from Brussels and Antwerp, in order that they can live in the country and work in the towns. The rate of fare is negligible, far less than that on our street cars. Denmark consciously utilizes her railroads as an agency of agriculture, the dominant industrial activity of that little state. The farmer is given every facility to reach Copenhagen and the seaports. Steamships are run to England to get Danish produce to the markets. All middlemen, who in this country cluster about the railways, have been cut out. Together with an enlightened land program, the railways of Denmark have made that little state what she is.

The railways of Germany are used as a strategic agency in time of peace as they are in times of war. And the after-war menace of Germany is quite largely a transportation menace. Discriminations are not given to individual shippers. But preferences are made to develop industry. The shipbuilders enjoyed free trade and low transportation on iron ore, timber machinery and supplies. Raw materials in one section are brought at cost or less than cost to the manufacturing regions. The great industrial cities like Essen, Dusseldorf,

Mannheim, harbor cities like Hamburg and Bremen, are interlaced with railway and water connections, with sidings, with terminal facilities, which make it easy for new industries to come into existence, as well as to find a foreign market for their wares. The express service, parcel post service, telegraph and telephones were all integrated into the empire for the purpose of upbuilding industrial strength.

In Switzerland, Belgium and Denmark travel is encouraged. It is encouraged for educational purposes. One can buy a ticket for two weeks for a negligible sum and travel ten miles or a thousand miles upon it. It is a universal commutation ticket. And the object is to provide cheap vacations, to encourage travel.

The main factor in the development of Australia has been state-owned railroads. Every station is a receiving agency for the farmer. He can bring a dozen chickens or a hundred head of cattle for shipment to London. Station agents give receipts for the consignments, which are sent to Adelaide; cattle are slaughtered in public slaughter houses and sold by a state selling agency. There are no middlemen, no private packers, stockyard men to fix the price arbitrarily to the producer and equally arbitrarily to the consumer. In time of drought cattle are moved at negligible cost to pastures. In time of industrial depression workless men are taken over the state to work on projects of internal improvement. During the summer months people from the interior are brought to the seacoast for a vacation.

In all these countries freight rates are very simple. They can be understood by anyone. A very limited classification of goods suffices. In this country there are hundreds of thousands of classifications. They differ in different railroads. They are not understood even by the agents. The object is to make them intricate. This makes discrimination possible. Under government ownership freight can be divided into just a few groups. This will free the whole producing world from its present ignorance as to railroad transportation costs.

Government ownership will divorce transportation from monopolized industries. The major industries, the great trusts, along with the transportation agencies, are interlocked with the great banking institutions of Wall Street. Railroad in America has become an agency of high finance. It is scarcely railroading at all. The policies are determined by directors unfamiliar with the needs of the country and interested primarily in financing, stock-jobbing and speculation. It is now possible to divorce the trusts from transportation, to free the smaller industries; to put them on a plane of equality with monopoly, and, most important of all, to encourage that quality of American enterprise and permit the resourcefulness of our people to expand; to utilize its talents with the assurance that the railroad system is open to all on equal terms. It is impossible to conjecture as to the wealth which America might produce were our mills and factories, our mines and our land, assured of a free and open, an adequate and a cheap, means of transportation. It is probable that the output of wealth in this country could be increased a billion dollars, possibly many times that amount, by providing the labor and capital of America with adequate and cheap transportation and terminal facilities. The extent to which the productive power of the country is held in bondage by inadequate transportation facilities is indicated by the fact that tens of thousands of idle men have been standing about the mouths of the mines, that thousands of automobiles have been driven to market on their own power while hundreds of thousands of loaded cars have lain at the terminals thruout the country, while the freight houses nearby were clamoring for empty cars.

Waste, colossal waste, can now be stopped. Today, empty trains cross the country to secure cargoes and pass empty trains going in the opposite direction on another road. Thousands of trains are run as a result of competition and in order to secure their pro-rata traffic. Palatial passenger trains run out of New York, Chicago, Cleveland to the same destination, each filled to a part of its capacity, when a single road should carry all thru traffic. Parallel lines from Chicago to Milwaukee, St. Paul, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis maintain exclusive thru-service; freight is sent around Robin Hood's barn under pooling arrangements; motive power and cars are wasted in this competition for traffic, just as capital and

labor would be wasted were there a dozen water plants in New York City instead of one.

There is another colossal waste in private ownership of the railroads that will be saved to us. A great part of the capital value of the railroads is land values, not only in the cities, but in the country districts. Rights of way were in most instances given to railroads for little or nothing. The government gave them 150,000,000 acres of land. These land values have been increasing rapidly, every decade they go up nearly one hundred per cent, if we may judge by comparison with the increase in the value of adjoining agricultural land. These increasing values are capitalized. Then increased rates are demanded upon the increased land values. And when the railroads are acquired the public will be called upon to pay for the value which it itself has contributed to the railroads.

Each year, too, immense sums are taken from the public in excess charges and used for betterment and extensions. It is said that billions of dollars of the present capital value of the railroads has been added out of the earnings. In other words, the producers and consumers of America have contributed a great part of the railway capital to their present owners. This will now be saved to the public. It can be used to build extensions, to improve service or to relieve the burdens of war taxation.

A reduction in interest rates to 4 per cent. would save colossal sums, while the closing of expensive passenger offices, the discharging of tens of thousands of competing agents, the ending of fast freight lines, the consolidation of warehouses and terminals, the reduction in the salaries of high-priced officials—these economies alone will run into the tens of millions, possibly hundreds of millions of dollars.

The only objection ever heard is that the government is inefficient. Is this assumption justified by experience? Is the government a bad administrator? That there are evils in bureaucratic administration all will admit. But is the parcels post a less efficient agency of service than the express company? The fact that in a few years' time the parcels post has become a carrier of 6,000,000 packages a year indicates that the public prefers it to the private agency. And its cost is far less. Is the Panama Canal an exhibit of wastefulness or inefficiency? Has there been any suggestion of graft? Is it not run for service and is not all America proud of that achievement? Does the post office department interfere with our policies as do the railroads? A single office receiving one-tenth of the salary of a railroad president administers the postal system with a \$200,000,000 budget and with stations in the most inaccessible parts of the country, while the hundred of two hundred railroads each maintain a great staff of highly paid individuals to perform a similar service.

But the efficiency of the government is not demonstrated by the Panama Canal or the parcels post alone. We are building battleships as cheaply as private contractors. The federal government is erecting public buildings all over the country and they are the most commanding in every community. The construction work upon the Great Lakes and rivers and harbors may be governed by pork barrel methods—but it is well done. Our forestry and reclamation service has the spirit of the army. We are spending tens of millions of dollars on good roads. And, on the whole, it is being well done. Moreover, practically every railroad in the country has been in the hands of receivers and operated thru receivers by the government. It is a fiction of the press that public ownership is wasteful, extravagant, corrupt. If we could make an honest comparison we would probably find that measured even by cost the government is more efficient than private agencies, while measured by service rendered and the burden on the community, the government service is far less costly than that of railroads or private public utility corporations anywhere.

Finally, America is the only great state in the world that does not own its transportation agencies: England and France took the railroads over as soon as they entered the war. And in any state where the railroads are owned by the people it would be difficult to find a corporal's guard willing to go back to private ownership. There are complaints and protests but no demand for the old profit-making motive. And this is the best evidence of all of the efficiency, the social efficiency, of public ownership. Moreover, in all those states where the railroads, with their ramifications into the banks, press and the business interests, have been taken out of private hands, a renaissance of public spirit followed. A spirit of eagerness to enter political life, to be identified with big things, took the place of the old conflict for private profit.

CLOSING OUT SALE OF 27-DUROC JERSEYS--27

Bred Sows and Gilts and One Herd Boar
National Critic 1st 236285

(ALL IMMUNED)

Sale to be held in Comfortable Quarters in the Heated Pavilion at
CARROLL, NEBRASKA.

Friday, February 1, 1918

Sale Starts at 1:30 sharp.

DEAR FRIENDS, BREEDERS, AND FARMERS:

We give you an invitation to be with us sale day whether you want to buy or not. Now you will find some sows and gilts in this offering money would not buy if I had not sold their home. Here you will find the sow that raised the first prize male pig at Sioux City Fair last fall. Also the sow that raised the litter won 4th and two 5th prizes, and 2nd prize as a litter, also 2nd prize as produce of sow, and the winners will be in the sale. Eight of these spring pigs won \$84 in prizes at the above fair.

The offering is sired by such leading boars as King of Kings, Big Bone Climax 2nd, G. W. Model, High Model, Jr., King Sensation, Col. Swift, Critic D Again, Grand Model 2nd, Col. Model Boy, and Crystal Lake Illustrator. Most of the above boars have the record of being first and second prize winners, and out of such noted sows as Ohio Queen, Rosa King II, Miss Kirk, Pritchard's Choice, Choice Sister, Rose, Bolden Lady, Big Girl, Ireton Big Girl, Col.'s Maid, Jack's Golden Girl, Crimson Girl 2nd, Madam Dusty Wonder, and Lady Wonder.

These are as well bred sows and boars as you will find in the state, or any other state, and the offering is bred to boars second to none, viz: King Sensation, Sensation Boy 4th, and National Critic 1st; and National Critic 236285, will be for sale. He is a pig will go out next fall and be first prize winner by have him proper fitted, because he has all of the good points and quality, or else he would not be at the head of Cherry Lawn Herd.

TERMS: A Credit of ten months will be given on all sums of \$25 and over, with interest at 8% from date. Parties from distance wishing time please bring late bank references. Also parties from distance will find free accommodations at Merchant Hotel, Carroll. Write for catalog.

Robert Pritchard, Owner

COL. FRED JARVIS, Auctioneer.

JOHN E. HALSEY, Field Man.

DANIEL DAVIS, Clerk.

Psychologically this is the greatest gain of all. For it means that the mind and talent of America is now able to think in terms of America. The freeing of America is the greatest gain of all from public ownership of the railroads.

See the Democrat for your sale bills.

FOR SALE

We have a surplus of fine large pure bred single comb white Leghorn Cockerels for sale. Extra good birds to head a breeding yard. \$1.50 each, or in lots of four \$5.00. Phone 1708 or Wisner line or write W. E. Roggenbach, Wisner, Nebraska.

It will pay II to read the advs first.

Cures Rupture By the quickest, safest and surest method known to medical science, without the Kälfe, Paraffin Wax or detention from business, and no pay until cured. ad-p-1-3.

H. J. WALTERS, M. D. SPECIALIST
413 1/2 Nebraska St., Sioux City, Ia.



The Bell Telephone
Links the Fighting Forces
and the Great Industries

The high development of telephone efficiency in this country gave the United States, when it entered the war, a superiority over all other nations for quick communication.

The nation's capital and the various military headquarters and camps are linked with all the great industrial centers by the long distance lines of the Bell Telephone System, which reach 70,000 communities.

Thousands of miles of special telephone wires have been turned over to the government for its exclusive use.

In spite of the war and what it has meant to this company in the increased number of telephone messages to handle, the enlistment of so many of our trained men, the shortage of equipment, the scarcity of labor and the high cost of telephone materials—

In spite of all these obstacles, we are meeting the needs of the public for telephone service in a remarkably successful way.

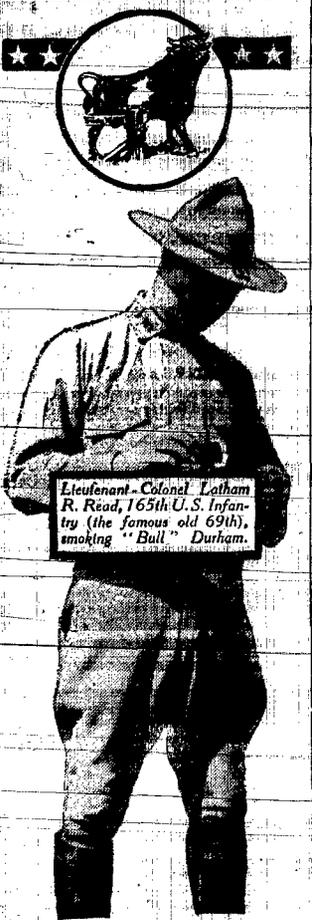


NEBRASKA TELEPHONE COMPANY

Buy
Another
War Savings
Stamp.

ARE YOU ONE?
 Bancroft has more community slackers than any town of its size in N. E. Nebraska, men and women who will not get their shoulders to the wheel and push unless they are the BIG IT. Bancroft has business men who expect the local paper to boost the town and their business but absolutely do not contribute one cent to its support. A perusal of the advertising columns of the Blade from week to week will tell you who they are. Bancroft has people who tell us of the mistakes we make in the paper each week although they have never been a subscriber. You expect a good town and a live paper—why don't you give both your support and help make them what you want them to be.—Bancroft Blade.

SHORTAGE OF SHIP DRAFTSMEN
 Washington, Jan. 14, 1918.—There are not enough ship draftsmen in the United States to do the drafting work needed to carry out the naval and merchant shipbuilding programs. Our country is engaged in the execution of the greatest warship construction plan in history, comprising 787 vessels, including all types from super-dreadnaughts to submarine chasers. Naval appropriations aggregating nearly two billions of dollars have

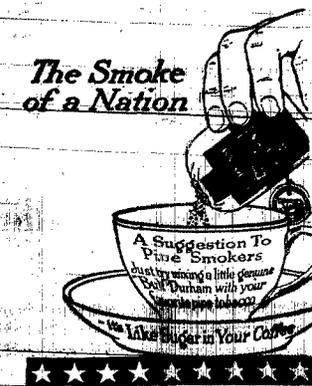


\$8.00 for a 5c Sack of "Bull" Durham in France!

Writing to a San Francisco paper, Francis Joliffe tells how badly our soldier boys in France need tobacco: "One boy pulled out a half-used sack of Bull Durham and caressed it. His companion informed me that they had paid as high as 40 francs (\$8) for a sack of Bull Durham."

GENUINE "BULL" DURHAM TOBACCO

Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Company



been made since August, 1916. Coincident with the demand for increased naval work there is an equally urgent call for an increase of merchant ship construction. It is betraying no secret to say that in both branches there is a shortage of technical men for the work.

NOTICE
 Notice is hereby given that bids will be received at the county clerk's office for Wayne county, Nebraska, for the furnishing of all necessary material and labor for the erection and completion of the following bridges, or so many thereof as shall be ordered built by the county commissioners for the year 1918.

40 ft. girder, 16 ft. roadway situated along East side of North East Quarter, Section One, Township Twenty-five, Range Two, East.
 24 ft. I Beam, 16 ft. roadway, situated between sections Five and Eight, Township Twenty-seven, Range One, East.
 60 ft. steel span, 16 ft. roadway, situated along West side South West Quarter, Section Twenty-six, Township Twenty-six, Range Four, East.

All bids to be made on both fifteen and twenty ton capacity. At the same time and place as herein specified, bids will also be received for the repair of all bridges which may be ordered repaired by the county commissioners for the year 1918.

All such bridges to be built in accordance with plans and specifications furnished by the State Engineer and known as the standard plans and adopted by the county board of Wayne county, Nebraska, on December 18th, 1917.

Bridges to be built within ten days of notice by said county to construct the same, and in case any new bridge is to be constructed where old one stands, contractor to tear out bridge and remove and pile all old lumber in such bridge; this to mean also the removal of all pile along with the lumber in such bridge and to deposit the same safely near the site thereof, such lumber and piles to remain the property of the county.

Said bids to be filed with the county clerk of said Wayne county, Nebraska, on or before 12 o'clock noon, of the 25th day of January, 1918.

Said bids for the building and repairing of said bridges will be opened at 12 o'clock noon of the 25th day of January, 1918, by the county clerk of said county.

No bids will be considered unless accompanied by cash or a certified check for \$250.00 payable to Chas. W. Reynolds, county clerk of said county, to be forfeited to said county in case the bidder refuses to enter into contract with said county, if same is awarded to him.

Also bids will be received for all of the above work at the same time and place and under all conditions as above set forth, the county to furnish all material delivered to nearest railroad station, except piling, which will be delivered at either Wayne or Carroll.

The plans and specifications as adopted and also the bidding blanks are furnished by the State Engineer of Lincoln, Nebraska, who will, upon request, furnish copies of the same. Bidding blanks will also be found in the office of the county clerk.

All bids must be on completed work, no extras will be allowed.

The board of county commissioners reserve the right to build or construct any other concrete bridges, arch or slab other than steel, which bears on other plans and specifications furnished by the state engineer and adopted by the county board.

The board of county commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at Wayne, Nebraska, this 20th day of December, A. D., 1917. (seal) CHAS. W. REYNOLDS, County clerk.

NOTICE
 Notice is hereby given that bids will be received at the county clerk's office for Wayne county, Nebraska, for the furnishing of all necessary material and labor for the erection and completion of the following bridges, or so many thereof as shall be ordered built, or as many more as the county commissioners may deem advisable for the best interests of the county for the year 1918.

12 ft. concrete arch with 16 ft. roadway South of Section 28, Township 26, Range 2, East.

Concrete slab 18 ft. long with an 18 ft. roadway situated South of Section 3, Township 26, Range 4, East.

Concrete slab 12 ft. long with 13 ft. roadway, situated between Sections 4 and 6, Township 27, Range 2, East.

All bids to be made on both fifteen and twenty ton capacity. At the same time and place as herein specified, bids will also be received for the repair of all concrete work which may be ordered repaired by the county commissioners for the year 1918.

All such arches and slabs to be built in accordance with plans and specifications furnished by the state engineer, and known as the standard plans and adopted by the county board of Wayne county, Nebr., on December 18th, 1917.

All arches or slabs to be built within ten days of notice by said county to construct the same, and in case any arch or slab is to be constructed where an old bridge stands, contractor to tear down said old bridge and to remove and pile all old lumber in such bridge; this to mean also the removal of all pile along with the lumber in such bridge, and to deposit the same safely near the site thereof, such lumber and piles to remain the property of the county.

Said bids to be filed with the county clerk of said Wayne county, Nebraska, on or before 12 o'clock noon of the 25th day of January, 1918.

Said bids for the building and repairing of all concrete work will be opened at 12 o'clock noon of the 25th day of January, 1918, by the county clerk of said county in the presence

PUBLIC SALE!

Having sold my farm, I will sell at public auction on the farm 1/4 mile south and 2 3/4 miles east of Wayne; 5 miles west and 3 miles south of Wakefield, on

Thursday, January 31, '18

Commencing at 12 o'clock noon. FREE LUNCH Before Sale

13	HEAD OF HORSES	13
Black team, mare and gelding, 5 and 6 years old, weight 3400; black gelding 8 years old, weight 1750; black mare 8 years old, weight 1525; black mare 4 years old, weight 1550; brown gelding 4 years old, weight 1400; bay horse 9 years old, weight 1600; bay mare 8 years old, weight 1450; brown mare 3 years old, weight 1450; 2-year-old filly; yearling filly; team extra good drivers, 8 and 9 years old, weight 2260.		
11	HEAD OF CATTLE	11
5 cows; 2 two-year-old heifers; and 4 spring calves.		
55	DUROC JERSEY HOGS	55
40 brood sows and 15 stock hogs.		

MACHINERY, ETC.

7 horse-power gas engine; 2-hole-corn sheller; power feed grinder; 28-inch circle saw; pump jack; Marselles steel elevator; 8-foot Deering binder; Dain hay stacker; 3 sweeps; McCormick 5-foot mower; Deering 6-foot mower; Standard 7-foot mower; Deering 12-foot hay rake; 14-inch gang plow; Buellong 10-foot disc harrow; Detroit 9-foot disc harrow; 22-foot steel Boss harrow; VanBrunt 14-foot seeder with grass seed attachment; Hoosier press drill with grass seed attachment; John Deere high wheel corn planter with furrow opener and wire; Janesville corn planter; John Deere 2-row cultivator; Moline 2-row cultivator; 2 single row cultivators; hand corn sheller; Peter Schuttler tripple box wagon; Bettendorf tripple box wagon; large size carriage; American manure spreader, large size; 16-foot hay rack; manure cart; barrel cart; 3 sets heavy harness; stock-saddle; boys saddle; galvanized steel tank; No. 15 DeLaval separator; 2 steel oil barrels; grain stone; fanning mill; 3 stacks of alfalfa hay some good oats straw; some Big Four seed oats.

Household Goods. Good kitchen range, cupboard, dining chairs, rocking chairs, large size German heater; Round Oak heater; 10-foot oak dining table; sewing machine in good running order, writing desk; bookcase; 2 1/4 iron beds; 1/4 cot; full size iron bed and many other articles too numerous to mention.

10 dozen Pure Bred Rose Comb Rhode Island Red Chickens and 2 dozen Cockerels.

TERMS: Ten months time will be given on approved notes bearing 8% interest. All sums of \$10.00 and under, cash. All property must be settled for before being removed.

D. H. CUNNINGHAM, Auctioneer.

J. D. LUEERS

PAUL MEYER, Clerk.

of the board of county commissioners of said county, at the office of the county clerk of said county.

No bids will be considered unless accompanied by cash or a certified check for \$250.00, payable to Chas. W. Reynolds, county clerk of said county, to be forfeited to said county in case the bidder refuses to enter into contract with said county, if same is awarded to him.

Also bids will be received for all of the above work at same time and place and under all conditions as above set forth, the county to furnish all material delivered at nearest railroad station.

The plans and specifications as adopted, and also the bidding blanks are furnished by the state engineer of Lincoln, Nebraska, who will, upon request, furnish copies of the same. Bidding blanks will also be found in the office of the county clerk.

All bids must be on completed work at so much per cubic foot in place, as no extras will be allowed.

The board of county commissioners reserve the right to build or construct any other bridges, other than concrete arch or slab, which bears on other plans and specifications furnished by the state engineer and adopted by this board.

The board of county commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at Wayne, Nebraska, this 20th day of December, A. D., 1917. (seal) CHAS. W. REYNOLDS, County Clerk.

Order of hearing and notice on Petition for Settlement of Account.
 In the County Court of Wayne county, Nebraska.
 State of Nebraska, Wayne county, ss.
 To all persons interested in the estate of Henrietta A. Chambers, deceased:
 On reading the petition of Edwin J. Chambers praying a final settlement and allowance of his account filed in this court on the 2nd day of January, 1918, and for distribution of the residue of said estate. It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 21st day of January, A. D., 1918, at 11:00 o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Nebraska Democrat, a weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.
 (seal) JAMES BRITTON, County Judge.

TWO HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE
 Priced under the \$3,000 mark—6-room houses, with light and city water. Call at the Democrat for name of owner, terms, etc.—adv. 11.

Public Sale!

I will sell at Public Auction on my farm, 6 miles south and 1 1/4 miles east of Wayne, on

Wednesday, Jan. 23, '18

Commencing at 12 o'clock noon. Free Lunch Before Sale

8 HEAD OF HORSES

Span mules 9 years old, weight 2600; bay gelding 6 years old, weight 1775; brown gelding 6 years old, weight 1700; black gelding 6 years old, weight 1625; span black mares, weight 2700; gray mare 8 years old, weight 1600; gelding 12 years old, weight 1350; saddle pony.

26 HEAD OF CATTLE

Five milch cows, some fresh; 4 2-year-old heifers; 8 spring calves and 5 fall calves; Shorthorn bull and Holstein bull, each coming 2 years old; 2 high grade Shorthorn bull calves, coming one year old.

20 Brood Sows and Some Stock Hogs

Farm Machinery, Etc.

McCormick binder, 8-foot cut; McCormick binder 6-foot cut, both in good condition; corn binder; Standard mower, 8-foot cut; Standard mower 5-foot cut; 2 Dain alfalfa stackers; 4 Dain hay sweeps; 4 harrows; 4 disc harrows; 3 surface cultivators, one 2-row; 2 new 6-shovel Seg-Saw cultivators; riding cultivator; Janesville disc cultivator; 3 box wagons, one brand new; 2 hay racks with trucks; spring wagon; top buggy; set of buggy runners; Cloverleaf manure spreader in good condition; John Deere corn planter with 160 rods of wire; two John Deere 14-inch stag gangs; Good Enough 16-inch sulky plow; stalk cutter; walking plow 16-inch; 10-foot Sterling seeder; 4 sets of work harness; flynets and extra collars; 2 sloop carts; pump jack with one horse power; forty to fifty tons of horse hay; two stacks of alfalfa.

TERMS: Ten months' time will be given on approved notes bearing 8% interest. Sums of \$10 and under, cash. All property must be settled for before being removed.

C. E. Gildersleeve

D. H. CUNNINGHAM, Auct. ROLLIE W. LEY, Clerk

Basket Store Specials

Friday and Saturday

Aunt Jemima Pancake Flour... 30c
 Flake White Soap, per box... \$1.75
 Soap will be higher—order enough to last a year.
 Canned milk, 2 for... 25c
 4 Corn Flakes for... 25c
 Standard Tomatoes... 15c
 Bulk Starch, 5 lbs... 25c
 Walter Baker chocolate... 38c
 3 Jello... 25c
 Jap Rose Soap, 3 for... 25c
 3 lbs. Gloss Starch... 25c
 1 lb. tall Salmon... 16c
 1 gallon Kamō corn syrup... 75c
 Good solid onions, per bu... \$1.50
 Good solid onions per peck... 45c
 Baked Beans, 2 for... 25c
 3 lbs. Bird Brand Coffee... 90c
 2 lbs. Ginger Snaps... 35c
 Pure Cocoa, per lb... 30c
 Macaroni, 3 pkgs. for... 25c
 25 lbs. Ideal Blend coffee... 28c

Basket Store

Chas. Peters of Sholes was a Sioux City visitor Tuesday.
 Clel Woods was a business visitor here from Carroll Wednesday.
 Francis and Dan Davis of Carroll were here on business Wednesday.
 Fred Jarvis, the Carroll auctioneer, went to Sioux City Tuesday to attend a horse sale.
 Get your share of the big clearance bargains at the big overstock sale at Morgan's Toggery. adv.
 Mrs. E. Henderson and daughter Geneva went to Laurel Sunday to spend a short time with Mrs. J. O. Smith.
 Mrs. H. J. Theobald returned to her home at Lincoln Tuesday after a pleasant visit here with the Theobald families.
 Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Dobernecker returned to Oakland, Iowa, Tuesday after a visit here at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jim Hough.
 Henry Soules came Sunday to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Soules for several days. Henry is an express messenger with a run out of Columbus.
 Arthur Shultheis returned to his home at Wessington, South Dakota, Tuesday after a visit here with his mother, Mrs. Chas. Shultheis and his brother Warren and wife.
 Mrs. O. A. Harker returned to her home at Chicago Tuesday after a visit at the J. T. Bressler home. She was accompanied as far as Sioux City by Mrs. Bressler and daughter Dorothy.

George Jones and his sister, Miss Eunice of Carroll, went to Omaha Tuesday where they will visit a short time before going on to Venango to visit a couple of weeks with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hornby.
 Miss Jennie Owens returned Saturday to Carroll from Norfolk where she has been several days with her mother, Mrs. E. P. Owens, who recently underwent an operation at the hospital there. She reports her mother as improving.
 Mr. and Mrs. John McIntosh started Wednesday for Mrs. M's old home at Forrest, Canada, where they will spend a month with relatives and old friends. They have not been there for several years and will no doubt have a splendid visit.
 One used to wonder that there were so few stores carrying goods exclusively for ladies—Mrs. Jeffries has such a one at Wayne which is popular with those of the "fair sex." You are invited to get acquainted with the complete stock stock sold there. adv.
 C. W. Anderson, Frank Phillips and H. H. Barge from Hoskins were at Wayne Tuesday, and spent a bit of time at the court house with the revenue man in order that they might be sure to give the proper portion of their income to the prosecution of the war to a successful finish.
 Rev. and Mrs. H. Ward returned to their home at Everly, Iowa, Wednesday after a visit here with friends. While here the Rev. Ward spoke at the Methodist church and also at the meeting of the ladies Bible Study circle. They enjoyed their visit here very much. The Democrat acknowledges a pleasant visit with the Rev. Ward.
 Mrs. Mary M. Johnson who has made her home with her daughter, Mrs. M. T. Munsinger for three months, left for Malvern, Iowa, Wednesday. Mrs. Munsinger accompanied her that far where they will be met by another daughter of Mrs. Johnson's who will take the old lady home with her to North Platte where she will visit the balance of the winter.

There's about two hundred fine dress shirts on sale just now at Morgan's Toggery at \$1.15 and \$1.45. adv.
 Mrs. L. S. Justice and daughter returned to Norfolk Wednesday after a visit here at the Frank Whitney home.
 It is a good time now to begin to find out whether or not you have any seed corn—or whether what is saved is just corn.
 J. D. Hash will go to Magnet tomorrow where he has a position as teacher in the high school for the balance of the school year.
 Ralph Porter of Broken Bow who has been visiting his parents, Sheriff and Mrs. Porter, went to Hoskins Wednesday for a short visit.
 Mrs. E. R. Teed returned to her home at Ponca Monday after a two weeks visit here with her son and family, Prof. and Mrs. A. V. Teed.
 Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Forney of Fremont county, Iowa, left for their home Wednesday after a visit here with their son and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Claude Forney.
 Sheriff Porter received a message Wednesday to watch the Bloomfield train for Jessie Hershey, a girl about fifteen years of age who had run away from Bloomfield. Upon her arrival here the sheriff took her in charge and sent her back to her mother on the afternoon train.

Butterick Patterns and Delineators for February are Here

Mid-Winter Clearance of Coats and Suits



TO EVERY WOMAN who wants to save money on their Coat and Suit without sacrificing style or quality we want you to see the garments we have placed in our Clearance Sale of Coats and Suits. Distinctive in style, extraordinary in their wearing qualities and remarkable in their values, our offerings are bound to appeal to the women who not only appreciate a rare purchasing opportunity but value good clothing as well.



Plush Coats Regular price \$22.00 to \$30.00
SALE PRICE \$11.00 to \$15.00

Cloth Coats Regular price \$15.00 to \$35.00
SALE PRICE \$7.50 to \$17.50

All Children's Coats - - - - One-Half Off



The Orr & Orr Co.

Phone 247 Wayne, Nebraska



LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Walter Savidge went to Omaha on a business mission Monday.
 C. O. Clasen from Chicago is here visiting his son, C. Clasen.
 Mr. and Mrs. Earl Gossard went to Omaha Wednesday for a short visit.
 Elmer Clasen, who has been visiting relatives at Chicago, came home a few days ago.
 Misses Minnie and Anna Carstens of Winside were Wayne business visitors Wednesday.
 Miss Viola Will went to Hartington Wednesday where she will spend a few days with friends.
 There's about two hundred fine dress shirts on sale just now at Morgan's Toggery at \$1.15 and \$1.45. adv.
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A Remington typewriter for sale. C. Clasen. adv.
 Attorney A. R. Davis went to Ponca on a business trip Tuesday.
 Miss Edna Heyer of Winside was a business visitor here Wednesday.
 Mrs. L. C. Davis went to Sioux City Wednesday to visit several days.
 Mrs. C. Clasen is reported better today and without a doubt will soon be up again.
 Don't miss this chance to get the Democrat from now until January 1, 1919 for \$1.00. adv.
 C. B. Thompson has just received a Missouri-bred registered Jack for his barn at Wayne.
 You're cheating yourself out of real money if you don't lay in some of those splendid shoes now on sale at Morgan's Toggery. adv.
 I. E. Ellis has the agency for a complete line of field seeds, from the Wertz seed store of Sioux City. See the line at his new feed and flour store. adv.
 Just a remnant of winter millinery left at Mrs. Jeffries store, but if you need any of it, the price will not stand in the way of a deal, and there is plenty of winter yet to come. adv.
 Ralph Masten went to Norfolk last week where he enlisted in the aviation department of the army. He is now at Fort Logan, Colorado, awaiting orders to go to San Antonio, Texas.
 Messrs. John Baker, Gus Test, Fred Thomsen and Soren Anderson from Wakefield were here Monday to attend the funeral of their friend, Jens Jorgensen, the young soldier whose body was brought to Wayne for burial.
 Mrs. W. H. Needham of Bloomfield was a guest of Mrs. Kate Robinson Wednesday. Mrs. Needham had been to Ashland to attend the funeral of Mr. Needham's mother who died at that place Wednesday, January 9, at the age of 84 years.
 Mrs. F. H. Jones went to Creighton Wednesday on account of the death of her nephew, Vern Losure. Vern has been sick for several months and has been confined in an Omaha hospital for the past five months. Funeral services will be held Friday.
 Mrs. J. G. W. Lewis went to Lincoln Wednesday where she will attend a three days session of the Woman's National Council of Defense. An elaborate program has been outlined. Today there will be a session just for the women delegates. We hope to have an interesting account of the meeting next week.
 A \$9,000 stock of groceries to be closed out by February 1st. My lease has expired and have to vacate by above date. Everything at cost for cash. Come and see the big bargains. Sale begins Friday and continues until above date.
 Ralph Rundell.

FOUND—Sum of money. Loser prove property. Call at this office.—1
 The more you buy the greater the saving at the big sale at Morgan's Toggery. adv.
 If some of the principles applied to using the railroads to build up and develop the resources of foreign countries had been applied here in the past Wayne might well have been a larger and better place.
 Another invoice of those ever popular dresses are due to come this week to replenish the stock at the Mrs. Jeffries store of ladies' ready-to-wear goods—the Woman's store of Wayne. adv.
 Paul Young, who has been teaching at Arapahoe, is now superintendent of the schools at Silver City, Iowa, he finding a man looking for him to fill the place while on his way back to Arapahoe, expecting to sign up there for the remainder of the year.
 James Mulvey was here the last of the week, coming from Illinois, where he had been visiting relatives and taking his infant child to the home of his mother, who will care for it for a time. Sunday he continued his journey to his home at Winner, South Dakota.
 E. E. Dillon of Aurora, general missionary for the American Sunday school Union for Nebraska and part of some of the adjoining states, was a Wayne visitor last week, visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Young and looking after the business of his employers in this part of the moral vineyard.
 Don't miss the big sale of my entire stock of groceries. I am forced to move February 1st.
 J. R. Rundell.
 Mrs. G. S. Moles from Wessington Springs, South Dakota, has been visiting Wayne friends for a few days. She was formerly a resident here, and moved to her Dakota home about nine years ago. She has been at Laurel visiting her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Griffith. While at Wayne she was a guest at the home of her friends, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Grothe.
 Mr. J. C. Nuss informs us that the Sons of Herman are preparing to make a drive in the name of the organization for the sale of War Savings Stamps, and he has asked for a permit from the government to have them for sale at his place of business. The purchase of these stamps is a patriotic investment, as they give the small investor a chance to help and pay him a fair rate of interest. In fact the interest rate is such that the amount one person may purchase is limited. It might be well for other societies to take this matter up with their members and agitate and educate on the value of the stamp.
 BEAUTIFUL BATES COUNTY, Missouri, corn, clover and blue grass farms for sale; write for free booklet. Charles R. Bowman, Butler, Mo.—364

Crystal Theatre

Monday, Jan. 21

Artcraft Pictures present
ELSIE FERGUSON
 in
"BARBARY SHEEP"

This will be put on in place of "Civilization". The man who booked "Civilization" for Wayne agreed to furnish an orchestra and a singer. Now they tell me they have none. Rather than disappoint the people of Wayne I have booked "Barbary Sheep" for that evening. This is a great picture. You will be delighted and satisfied and I will have the satisfaction of knowing that you are getting your money's worth.
 This is Elsie Ferguson's first appearance in Wayne. She is a top liner. Come and see her in "Barbary Sheep."
 Admission 10c and 20c.

WAR SAVING STAMPS

The government must have more money to carry on the war successfully.
 War Savings Stamps are sold in 25-cent and \$5.00 sizes. You can buy either size here.
 With the first \$5.00 stamp bought you get a card with room for fifteen more stamps. These stamps do not bear interest, but when the card is full it can be traded in on a \$5.00 stamp that does.
 With the first \$5.00 stamp bought you get a card with spaces for twenty stamps of this size.
 The \$5.00 stamps draw 4% interest compounded quarterly. This is equivalent to about 4 3/4%, and is the highest interest rate ever paid by the government.
 Teach the children thrift and patriotism.

First National Bank

WAYNE, NEBRASKA

Have You Paid Your Subscription

Don't Forget

To come and look over the big bargains we are now showing in shoes and many other lines.
 We have arranged the big shoe bargains in eight prices—
 \$2.95 \$3.45 \$3.95 \$4.95 \$5.45
 \$5.95 \$6.45 and \$6.95
 A great selection of men's dress shirts at \$1.15 and \$1.45.
 Corduroy pants \$3.95; Caps 55c, \$1.15 and \$1.45.
 Many other bargains thru the house.

Morgan's Toggery

Opposite The Postoffice

Harness and Collars at Last Year's Prices

Harness are hand made and out of the best oak leather. Collars are of the best quality and guaranteed to fit. Size from 16 to 25 inches. These leather goods were bought before the big advances and we give our customers the benefit which means a

Saving of at Least
25%

Investigate my goods and prices. I will save you money.

JOHN S. LEWIS, Jr.
Wayne, Nebr.

AN INTERESTING LETTER TAKEN FROM THE GOLDENROD

New York City,
January 6, 1918.

Dear Friends of the Wayne Normal: New Years must bring a greeting from the great city of New York and more especially from Columbia University, where I know you always have an interest.

The only student among thousands—from every nation—I feel a real thrill when I realize what wonderful opportunity this year is.

The holidays have brought a little relaxation and many experiences new and interesting. The day before Christmas was one I shall never forget. Several students from the kindergarten department of Columbia were asked to help at the Labor Temple and we spent the entire afternoon giving out toys to the East Side slum children. Hours before time they began to crowd about the doors and when the hour finally arrived, they fairly burst in by the hundreds. Ragged, dirty, of every nationality—but, oh, so happy!

It is a consoling thought in these war times when one longs to do some big patriotic duty, that right here among our own children we can do something for our country—and perhaps it isn't so small a service after all!

There was a moment of silence when the big tree was lighted and then the children began to sing. They wouldn't wait for the leader and they wouldn't wait for the piano—they just sang and sang and sang at the top of their voices. At five o'clock over a thousand children left the temple, faces wreathed in smiles (also smeared with candy) and each one hugging tightly a doll or toy. The children's presents were the personal gift of one lady who has for many years made this a part of her Christmas.

New York offers so many attractions Christmas eve that it is a little hard to choose, but the candle light service at the old Calvary church made a very fitting close to our day. The church with its lovely arches was transformed into a forest of pines lighted only by the tall white tapers on the altars and at the ends of the closed pews. The choir here is con-

sidered one of the most beautiful in the world. As they sang the old Christmas carols, the sweet boyish voices rang out so clear, rising higher and higher till one wonders if they will ever stop. The church was crowded to the utmost as were even the midnight services held in so many places.

The Greenwich Village Theatre gave an old Mystery Play, portraying the Bethlehem scenes and the shepherds, and began it at the fitting hour of twelve o'clock.

Everywhere we felt the spirit of Christmas, tho perhaps in a different way than ever before. We all feel so keenly the seriousness of the war and in New York this seems especially true for many reasons.

We read in the Journal with a great deal of pride of the splendid Red Cross work our state is doing—in fact, I think one Nebraska might justly be accused of boasting of what her home city has done.

The coal shortage here is most serious, not only in the poorer districts but over the entire city. In many beautiful apartments on Riverside, they are using electric heaters and oil stoves to help out. Teachers' College has been entirely closed all vacation to save coal—the first time such a thing has happened in the history of the school. But we have faith that Uncle Sam will soon bring relief and in the meantime we'll have to adopt a bit of Dr. Kelgwin's philosophy. In speaking of "Optimism in War Time" he said, "This is no time for us who stay at home to get arctic extremities."

Wishing success to the Wayne Normal and a happy New Year to the faculty and students, I remain,
Most Sincerely,
CLARA O. WILSON.

Whittier Hall,
Columbia University.

Many will remember Miss Wilson who was a member of the faculty during the last summer session, and will be especially interested in the above letter because of having known the writer. It is pleasing to note that altho Miss Wilson was a part of the school for but a short time she is still loyally interested and her good wishes for the success of our school are gratefully acknowledged.

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—

ABOUT NEBRASKA

On December 31, 1917, Nebraskans had more than \$400,000,000 on deposit in the state and national banks of the state, or approximately \$300 per capita—another record which challenges comparison.

Nor is the record of 1917 an exceptional one, Nebraska has been going "over the top" in the matter of productivity for twenty years.

The Department of Publicity has recently compiled from the reports of the United States Bureau of Agriculture a table showing the productivity of the states covering a period of twenty years, 1895 to 1916, inclusive. It shows that in the production of wheat, oats, corn, horses, cattle, swine, and average farm values and value of all farm property, Nebraska ranks third among the states being exceeded only by Illinois and Iowa. In the total value of corn, wheat and oats produced during that period, Nebraska ties with Illinois for first place. In the production of cattle and swine Nebraska ties with Illinois for second place. In average values of all farm property Nebraska is in fourth place and in the same relative position in the average values per farm.

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—

FOR SALE

We have a surplus of fine large pure bred single comb white Leghorn Cockerels for sale. Extra good birds to head a breeding yard. \$1.50 each, or in lots of four \$5.00. Phone 1708 on Wisner line or write W. E. Roggenbach, Wisner, Nebraska. adv.

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—

CHOICE LOT FOR SALE

Having purchased a home, I offer for sale the choice building lot on the corner of Main and Sixth streets on favorable terms. Mrs. Emma Baker, Wayne, Nebraska, Phone 118. adv.-21f.

Winning a Prize

By George Elmer Cobb

(Copyright, by W. G. Chapman.)

"To be resilient," pronounced Sidney Morse sagely, "receptive and expansive—that is my rule of life. I'm an India rubber man, so to speak. There are two classes in the world: the man of iron and the putta percha man. I'm the latter. Come up cross-grained against the iron kind and brrr-r! he anchors himself and crack, rattle, bang! the hard blows hammer and dent him. When fate bunts me I give in elastically. There is a graceful yielding, which buffers the blow and breaks its force, soothes the irascibility of the assailant, in fact. Then out I come restored and no harm done."

"Bah!" commented the law partner of Morse scornfully—"lack of force, shows weakness. Drive ahead, domineer, take the lead. Smash your way through difficulties!"

"See here, Black," purred Morse in his soft persuasive way, "I'll call your attention to the last case we had. You threatened and tried to scare and played the third degree on the fellow we wanted to compromise on a risky suit. He just laughed and yawned at you. I tried. I was soft as butter, persuasive and fatherly, and the re-



"Now I'm In Love."

sult: I won him over. Big fee, everybody satisfied.

"F'm! that was a last resource," began Black.

"Which it is generally policy to play first," retorted Morse. "Now I'm in love."

"Aha!" snorted Black, pricking up his ears.

"Fact. Its that handsome widow, Mrs. Nellie Briscoe. She has a fortune, but I'm not after that. Why, what's the matter?"

The matter was that Black, muttering and scowling, summarily banged his way out of the office, crushed his hat down over his head and made a bee line for the street.

"Hello!" breathed Morse, big-eyed and enlightened, "I begin to see the light."

Suddenly it occurred to him that on two occasions when he had called on the pretty widow, his law partner had happened in. Of course, that was natural, for the firm had charge of Mrs. Briscoe's business affairs. For the first time, probably, Morse was aware that every Monday evening Black made a call upon the fascinating widow. Black had learned that Morse spent each Sunday afternoon at the comfortable residence of their mutual client. Hard as nails, as his more flexible, good-natured partner had indicated, Black sought to make an impression upon Mrs. Briscoe along his usual lines of decisiveness and superior intelligence. He talked law and business until the widow was fairly bored. He sought to convince the fair lady that to have a man like himself about the house would conserve every penny of her handsome fortune, would be to have a husband, a sentinel, a systematizer of no ordinary caliber, all in one.

Offhanded, ingenious Morse, on the contrary, could not baffle his nature. He was jolly, just rotund enough to look boyish and appealing. He petted the canary bird, he made a rare friend of the house dog, he captivated completely all the servants about the place, he made his charming hostess smile at his artless simplicity as to the rougher ways of the world. Somehow he impressed her with the suggestion that he would be a heedless, happy-go-lucky, sunny sort of a fellow all his days, chasing away the shadows and, indeed, in need of a guardian who could hold his heart's affection by cordoning him.

Mrs. Briscoe was a practical sort of a woman, but her first husband had been a wise, solemn college professor, and always abstracted in subjects far beyond her mental grasp. Black had common sense, that was sure, and would be a credit to any wife as to dignity, and the manner in which he always comported himself. Somehow, though, he reminded the fair

widow of her sedate first husband. She respected Black, but he chilled her.

"Hello!" booted out Morse with his usual expansiveness, just at dusk.

"Hello!" retorted Black in a species of irascible snarl. "Why don't you run into a fellow?"

"Me?" challenged Morse, with a great, jolly grin. "Oh, no, Black, you thin, rushing beings, all energy, may run; I never do. I sort of balloon along, free and easy. Anybody can see me coming. They have to guess at you in the dark. Where are you going?"

"I was just taking a stroll."

"So was I," echoed Morse. "It's a long spell since Monday, eh?" and he poked Black in the ribs, who glowered sourly.

"And it's a long spell till Sunday," he supplemented, candid and grimacing. "Ha! ha! Caught one another sneaking around the block where the sweet, fair and rich and rare widow lives. Ho! ho!"

"I don't like your familiarity one bit!" muttered Black.

"Nonsense!" You and I cannot deceive one another. See here, I've a proposition to make. Let us each send a declaration of love to Mrs. Briscoe, and wait and see whom she picks. Zounds!"

They were not a hundred yards away from the Briscoe home when a vivid scream alarmed them. Down the front steps there came rushing the housemaid, wild-eyed, frenzied, frantically crying out:

"A lamp exploded—the house is on fire and Mrs. Briscoe is hemmed in upstairs! Call the fire department. Oh, dear! Oh, dear!" and the speaker dashed on madly.

Both men made a rush for the widow's home. Both realized that the situation was truly serious, as they noted that the entire lower floor was in a vivid blaze. The front door was open, but one glance at the broad staircase, a mass of flames, daunted them. A faint scream directed them to the side of the house. They traced its cause, "Save me!" uttered the plaintive and frightened tone of Mrs. Briscoe.

There she was, standing, wringing her hands at the window, wreaths of smoke framing her pale and perturbed face.

"Wait!" shouted Black. "A ladder—I'll get you down," and dashed away.

"Ladder nothing!" called Morse soothingly. "Don't get rattled, Mrs. Briscoe. Just get over the balustrade and hang. I'll catch you," and planting his feet firmly, he stretched out his arms invitingly. "Jump!"

Alas! The widow had obediently followed his directions. For a moment she clung to the rail of the little balcony. Just as she let go Morse changed his footing to steadily anchor himself. His foot slipped.

"Thump!" The graceful form of the fair widow landed directly upon him! "Ha!" He exhaled a desperate breath, for the contact was not light.

"Soft as velvet, eh?" he chirped, "bounding as the yielding willow. Oh, you dear—safe! You landed like a feather. Oh, come, now—" but the widow had languished, had fainted in his arms as he got to his feet to support her.

"Bah!" uttered Morse, as Black came puffing and panting around the corner of the house, dragging a ladder. "She'd have been burned up, waiting for your clumsy fire-escape. Look here—and I'll do it to her face when she recovers," and the daring fellow kissed the charming widow squarely on the lips.

ON THE "DUSTY" MISSOURI

Humorist of Other Days Told Many Yarns About Navigation of River When Water Was Low.

There are times when the Missouri river spreads thinly over a bed that is miles wide. Then it is that its navigation is difficult, between pools.

The humorists of other days used to say that the deckhands of stern wheelers were frequently sent ahead with garden sprinkling pots to moisten the channel, so that the boat could float through it. Once, it was said, the captain of a steamboat made the trip from Omaha to Kansas City by taking advantage of rainy days.

A story of great popularity in the sixties ran somewhat in this fashion: An upward-bound boat had been grounded for some days when the captain noticed a passenger, who had displayed impatience, carrying an empty bucket forward.

"What are you going to do with that?" inquired the captain.

"I'm going to fill it with water from the side and throw it in front to give the boat a start," replied the passenger.

"You'll do nothing of the kind," commanded the captain. "We need all the water there is in this river to cook with."

Uncertain as to the Ending.

A Bratenahl youngster was writing a letter to Santa Claus. He had completed his list of requests, with infinite pains and many corrections, and had come to the closing sentence. Then he appealed to his mother.

"Mother," he said, "can you tell me about the proper way to end up this letter?"

"Why sign your name, dear, and give your address?"

"Yes, I know. But shall I say, 'with lots of love from Harold, like I do to papa, or 'Amen, like I do to God?'—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Not in Stock.

Black—The modern drug store keeps about everything, doesn't it?

White—Yes, except something for the breath of scandal.—Town Topics.

TRAVEL SUGGESTIONS

San Francisco
Los Angeles
San Diego

TO CALIFORNIA—CIRCLE TOURS—Wide choice of routes—round trip excursion fares to California via Puget Sound, via New Orleans, via Salt Lake City, via San Antonio, via Grand Canyon and via many other desirable routes. Go one way, return another.

Florida
Gulf Coast
Southwest

DAILY EXCURSION FARES to the delightful resorts in the South. Diverse routes—one way via Washington if you choose.

NORTH WESTERN LINE TO CHICAGO

If You Don't Feel Just Right

VISIT French Lick Springs, Indiana, Mud-lavia, Attica, Indiana, Hot Springs, Arkansas, Hot Springs, South Dakota, Virginia Hot Springs, Virginia—HEALTH SPRINGS ON THE OMAHA ROAD: Sulphur Springs at Mudbaden at Jordan and at Shakopee.

Round Trip Fares Upon Request

Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway

T. W. MORAN, Agent, Wayne, Nebraska.

G. H. MacRAE

General Passenger Agent

St. Paul, Minn.

H. M. PEARCE

General Traffic Manager

St. Paul, Minn.

WHAT WE FIGHT FOR

"I was talking with a high officer of the United States army, just back from France," writes David Lawrence to the New York Evening Post, "where he had been conferring with British and French officers of high rank. 'I tell you,' he said, 'we must be like the hundred year's war and we to win this war now—or else it will like the hundred years' war, and we will have to maintain large armaments constantly, and our people will have to pay heavily in taxation. We must impress that on our people. We must win now.'

"But Colonel Roosevelt, I suggested, 'is advocating universal service as a permanent thing.'

"Then he is preaching the wrong thing just now," was the reply. "We are fighting to make conscription in time of peace unnecessary."

"That is to put a discount on war. That is what we tell the German people in an effort to convince them that as a people they have nothing to fear from us. But how can we convince them of our pacifist intentions by our words if our acts all the while comprise preparations for permanent war."

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—

MILLERS CAN SELL CORNMEAL PROFITABLY AT 3c A POUND

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 17.—Co-operating grinding cornmeal from corn which cost \$1.25 per-bushel can sell at 3 cents per-pound at the mill and make a fair profit. This information was given to Federal Administrator Wattles by a prominent outstate miller.

Complaints that meal was being sold too high at the mill prompted the investigation by Wattles and developed this information. These complaints have come from all parts of the state and the practice of high charges seems to be general.

WATTLES COUNTY PLAN IS ADOPTED GENERALLY

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 9.—The county unit plan of food organization prevailing in Nebraska is being generally adopted thruout the United States, according to information coming to Gurdon W. Wattles, federal food administrator for Nebraska.

Favorable comment on the plan and the urging of the adoption of the Nebraska plan was sent broadcast from Washington.

Every county in the state, save two, now have county food administrators and complete organizations.

"The county officers are doing great work," commented Mr. Wattles, "and Nebraska should be proud of her patriotic men who are giving their time to this work."

Wm. Piepenstock

HARNESS, SADDLES

and everything in the Horse Furnishing Line

We also carry a full line of Trunks Suit Cases and Traveling Bags

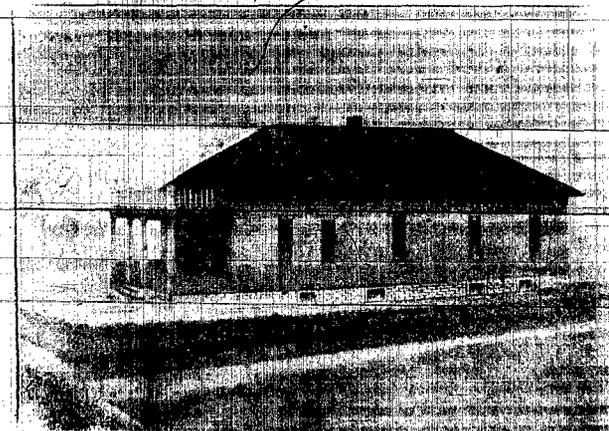
Consult Dr. Wood MEN'S SPECIALIST

Established in Sioux City 1899
413 1/2 Nebraska St., Sioux City, Ia.
ad-p-3-8.

Shorthorn HERD HEADERS and Stock Bulls For Sale

The blood that topped the 1916 sales. Grandsons of Imp. Choice Goods 186802. As much size for age as found anywhere. Reasonable price.

John S. Lewis, Jr., and Son
Wayne, Nebr.



WAYNE HOSPITAL

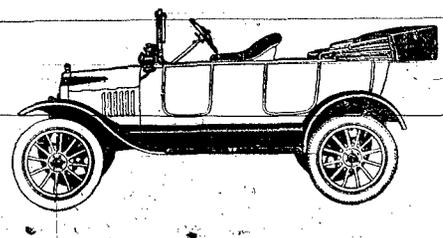
Open to the public and all cases received excepting contagious diseases



THE UNIVERSAL CAR

In busy cities or the country road, the Ford is a favorite among motor cars. There are strong reasons why half the buyers of America demand Ford cars. They have proved their worth under the most trying conditions in all parts of the world. People buy Ford cars because they know what they have done and will do. They have become one of the everyday necessities. Will you not place your order for one at once? Touring Car, \$360; Runabout, \$345; Coupelet, \$505; Town Car, \$595; Sedan, \$645; One-Ton Truck Chassis, \$600; All f. o. b. Detroit.

WAYNE MOTOR COMPANY



COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS

Wayne, Neb., January 8, 1918. Board met in regular session. All members present.

Upon motion it is hereby resolved that each member of the board be and is hereby appointed a committee of one to investigate claims of demand upon the county for paper maintenance at the poor house, and for temporary relief and also to investigate claims and demands of any party on county road and bridge funds to be expended in the several road districts of the county. P. M. Corbit is hereby directed to act as such committee in the 1st district. Henry Rethwisch is hereby directed to act as such committee in the 2nd district. Geo. S. Farran is hereby directed to act as such committee in the 3rd district.

Provided, however, that in case of emergency anywhere in the county, coming to the knowledge of any of the commissioners where it is necessary to give immediate relief to a pauper, and no other commissioner being present the commissioner present shall see that the necessary relief is provided. Each member shall report to the full board at its next session, and all acts performed by him as such committee with his recommendations for action by the board. All Justices of the Peace, and the county clerk are hereby forbidden to give any aid whatsoever, except as stated below, and all persons requiring county aid, such as medical attendance, admittance to the poor house and other necessities shall make application direct to the commissioner of the district for which he acts.

Under this resolution the county clerk and superintendent of the poor house are given authority to call the county physician for medical attendance when they deem it necessary.

On motion the following resolutions were adopted: Resolved:

1. That a Board of Health for the county be appointed by the County Board, the same to consist of three members, one of whom shall be a practicing physician.

2. That said Board of Health be and they hereby are empowered to enforce such regulations as may be adopted by this board to prevent the introduction of contagious, infectious or malignant diseases into the unincorporated territory of the county, and to enforce quarantine rules made for that purpose by it or the Board of Commissioners.

3. That in case in their judgment it shall become necessary to establish a pest house, and if the pest house be established by the County Board, the same shall be under the supervision of the Board of Health, and the said Board of Health shall have power to cause such person to be removed thereto as they deem necessary in order to enforce the quarantine rules and prevent the introduction and spread of such contagious diseases.

4. The said Board of Health or any member thereof may enter any premises in the county not within the corporate limits of any city or village for the purpose of determining whether or not any contagious disease exists therein and shall adopt such rules and regulations for their own control and for the carrying out and enforcement of the quarantine rules and regulations adopted by this Board as in their judgment they may deem necessary. They shall elect such officers from their own body as they deem necessary and shall keep a record of all their proceedings and persons quarantine.

5. The expenses of said Board of Health which are not properly chargeable to the persons affected with such contagious diseases or persons occupying the premises where the same exists shall be paid from the county treasury upon bills duly allowed by the board of county commissioners in the same manner as the other indebtedness against the county.

6. The County Board may at any time remove any member of said Board of Health and appoint another in his place.

7. All persons who have been quarantined, shall be thoroughly fumigated in the manner provided by the rules of quarantine and adopted by this board at the expense of such persons and the occupant of the quarantines premises and no quarantine shall be raised until such persons and the premises have been fumigated. Provided that paupers and premises occupied by paupers may be fumigated at the expense of the county. All fumigating shall be under the personal supervision of one member of the Board of Health, under the personal supervision of a practicing physician.

On motion the following regulations and rules for quarantine of contagious, infectious, or malignant diseases were adopted.

1. Whenever within the limits of this county, and without the corporate limits of any city or village, a person is suspected of having small pox, scarlet fever, diphtheria or other contagious disease he shall be immediately isolated within his own household as carefully as possible and as soon as a contagious disease is recognized it will be the duty of the attending physician and household to give written notice of the same to the clerk of the county, giving the name of the disease and of the family where it exists, with the number exposed and all other particulars that may be of value.

2. The premises where the above contagious disease exists shall be duly quarantined by the county Board of Health thru its proper officer or any appointee (a) by placing upon the house or some conspicuous point upon the premises, a placard giving the name of disease, in letters not less than three (3) inches in height. (b) By a verbal or written notice to the householder to remain on the premises and in no way mingle with other persons nor to allow others (except

the physician) to approach nearer than thirty (30) feet to any house or person thus quarantined. This rule to apply also in case of exposure.

3. Such quarantine to continue until in the opinion of the medical advisor of the Board of Health, the last case of the disease likely to occur therein has completely recovered and is ready for disinfection, provided however that in case of extreme necessity one free from disease may be released earlier after thorough disinfection of person and clothing and with a certificate from the above medical advisor.

4. The necessities of life, as often as occasion demands may be carried within thirty (30) feet of the quarantined house by a neighbor or other duly appointed messenger, but no hearer, nor shall any effects whatever be brought away from the household until thoroughly disinfected.

5. In case of death from contagious disease there shall be no public funeral and the body of the deceased shall be closely wrapped in sheets well saturated with disinfectants and closed in a tight casket, this to be again wrapped with a disinfected cloth, and in such cases the corpse shall not be carried to or near any body of people while on its way to a cemetery.

6. When in any school district or community several families say five to eight are infected with contagious disease or very many exposures have occurred the Board of Health may prohibit all gatherings of people in that community including sessions of school until in their opinion the emergency is past.

7. All physicians should use due precaution in their visits to quarantined households to avoid the danger of contagion to the well.

8. When in the opinion of the medical advisor of the board of Health quarantine can be safely raised, it shall be done with fumigation with a 40% solution of formaldehyde, using at least five ounces to each 1000 cubic feet of air space; solution to be applied by an approved evaporation or by the sheet method. The room to be sealed at least six hours. All persons to receive a disinfecting bath and their clothing to be fumigated and the house thoroughly cleaned. This to be done in accordance with the "Suggestions of the State Board of Health to Physicians."

9. When in the opinion of the Board of county commissioners a hospital is needed to which individual cases of contagious diseases may be removed, or when such method will accommodate those without homes at much less public expense or for any other reason it is deemed best, a building suited to their needs shall be provided.

10. Whoever in any way, willfully or negligently disobeys these rules of quarantine and disinfection shall by such disobedience render himself subject to prosecution and a fine of \$25 for each and every offense, and shall mean while if infected, and subject to quarantine be held at the quarantine house or hospital until the time for disinfection.

On motion the following persons are hereby appointed as members of the county Board of Health: George T. Porter, Dr. J. G. Nevelly and Dr. C. T. Ingham.

Resignation of J. E. Harmon as janitor at the Court House is hereby accepted. L. E. Panabaker is hereby appointed janitor of Court House and grounds and salary fixed at \$60.00 per month.

It is hereby resolved that the Board allow for the year 1918, the following wages for road work.

50 cents an hour for man and team. 75 cents an hour for man and two teams. 30 cents an hour for single man.

And further that Overseers shall show the dates the work is done on the receipts, and also show location as to where work is done, also show just where all lumber purchased by them is used, also to account for all old lumber. All overseers are hereby notified to purchase lumber from party with whom the county has contract, also to sign for all lumber before leaving the yards.

On motion the Board hereby makes the following estimates of expenses for the year 1918.

County General Fund, \$40,000
County Bridge Fund, 30,000
County Road Fund, 30,000
County Road Dragging Fund, 10,000
County Soldiers' Relief Fund, 1,500

It is hereby resolved that the use of small horse graders be discontinued for making grades by the Road Overseers, unless authorized by the county Commissioners.

It is hereby resolved that the board allow for the year 1918, the sum of \$3.00 for sharpening both large and small grader blades.

On motion the salary of the deputy county clerk is fixed at \$900.00 for the year 1918.

On motion the county treasurer is allowed for clerk hire for the year 1918, the sum of \$900.00.

County Board hereby adopts the Richardson Road Dragging Law, as set forth on page 305 of Session Laws of Nebraska of the year 1913. The County is hereby divided into three road dragging districts, Road dragging district No. 1 shall comprise the precincts of Logan, Leslie, Plum Creek, Hunter and Strahan. Road dragging district No. 2 shall comprise the precincts of Wilbur, Deer Creek, Sherman and Garfield. Road dragging district No. 3 shall comprise the precincts of Hoskins, Hancock, Chapin and Brenna.

P. M. Corbit is hereby made overseer of road dragging district No. 1. Henry Rethwisch is hereby made overseer of road dragging district No. 2.

Geo. S. Farran is hereby made overseer of road dragging district No. 3. County commissioners as overseers of the respective road dragging districts are to receive no extra compensation.

It is hereby resolved that 75 cents a mile round trip be allowed for road dragging for the year 1918, with all persons entering into written contract with the county commissioners. Contracts must be filed in the office of

the Highway commissioner.

Report of County Superintendent showing balance of \$81.77 in Institute Fund was on motion approved.

Report of Forrest L. Hughes, Clerk of District Court showing fees earned for the quarter ending June 30, 1917 amounted to the sum of \$348.80 which was approved.

Report of Forrest L. Hughes, Clerk of District Court showing fees earned for the quarter ending September 30, 1917, amounted to the sum of \$370.95 which was approved.

Report of Forrest L. Hughes, Clerk of District Court showing fees earned for the quarter ending December 31, 1917 amounted to \$292.70 which was approved.

In compliance with an order of court it is hereby ordered that Julia Horton be, and she hereby is, allowed for the support of John Horton, William and Viola Horton, minors, children of Julia Horton, the sum of \$17.50 per month, for three months beginning December 20, 1917, and \$15 per month for three months thereafter.

On motion the following claims were audited and allowed and warrants ordered on the respective funds as follows:

General Fund		
No.	Name	What for Amount
1917		
1480	Crowell Lbr. & Grain Co.	coal \$ 34.60
1918		
37	Bernard Meyer, 2 loads of	cobs for janitor 8.00
38	A. A. Wollert, blacksmithing	..... 22.75
39	Scott Omaha Ter. & Awning Co., 2-18 x 24-12-oz. pauling	..... 64.00
41	E. H. Merchant, blacksmithing	..... 118.26
43	John D. Haskell, land for road purposes along west line of 3-26-5	..... 190.00
46	Nebraska Telephone Co., cember tolls, January rent	..... 30.15
48	Nebraska Democrat, printing	..... 44.50
49	Tielgen Bros., hardware	..... 20.44
50	Kay & Bichel, supplies for engine and grader	..... 247.40
51	Walter Gaebler, hardware	..... 62.06
53	John T. Dennis, carpenter work on court house	..... 14.55
56	E. G. Wessel, hardware	..... 26.55
58	Julia Horton, widow's pension from Dec. 20, 1917 to Jan. 20, 1918	..... 17.50

Bridge Fund

1917		
1414	Farmers Lumber Co., lumber & hardware	..... 388.35
1501	Farmers Lumber Co., Hoskins, lumber	..... 82.75
1549	Farmers Lumber Co., Hoskins, lumber	..... 27.10
1590	Smith Hovelson Lumber Co., lumber	..... 263.20
1918		
5	C. A. Chace & Co., lumber	..... 588.47
6	Fullerton Lumber Co., Carroll, lumber	..... 143.05
29	Fullerton Lumber Co., Carroll, lumber	..... 16.15
34	Fullerton Lumber Co., Carroll, lumber	..... 658.20

General Road Fund

1917		
1165	Nebr. Culvert & Mfg. Co., Arceo iron culverts	..... 82.17
1166	Nebr. Culvert & Mfg. Co., Arceo iron culverts	..... 371.60
1195	Nebr. Culvert & Mfg. Co., Arceo iron culverts	..... 73.60
1197	Nebr. Culvert & Mfg. Co., Arceo iron culverts	..... 238.40
1228	Nebr. Culvert & Mfg. Co., Arceo iron culverts	..... 147.20
1531	Nebr. Culvert & Mfg. Co., Arceo iron culverts	..... 21.42
1918		
36	Hancock Auto club, 1/2 road work and grader work	..... 39.75
44	A. Benedict, road work and road dragging	..... 15.77
47	W. B. Gamble, road dragging, hauling and putting in tube	..... 15.25
54	Norfolk Bridge & Construction Co., concrete work	..... 1539.98
55	Rees Richards, road dragging	..... 14.00
57	Chas. D. Farran, road work and road dragging	..... 11.00

Road District Funds

1917		
Road District No. 14.		
1664	City of Wayne, road district fund Wayne district	..... 450.00
1918		
Road District No. 23		
35	John P. Rosacker, hauling and road work	..... 4.00
Road District No. 36		
32	J. H. Brugger, road work	..... 3.00
Road District No. 45		
40	August Brudigan, road work	..... 7.75
Road District No. 48		
30	Louis Mueller, road work	..... 5.00
31	Anton Nelson, road work	..... 5.00
Road District No. 51		
32	Wilke Luckner, road work	..... 25.50
Road District No. 60		
42	Leon R. Peltzer, road and grader work	..... 12.00
45	Fred Penske, grader work	..... 6.00
Special Road District No. 64		
52	Albert Wittenburg, road work	..... 7.00

Rejected Claims

1107 Smith Hovelson Lumber company, lumber, claimed \$265.98 was examined and rejected.

The following claims are on file against the county, but have not been passed on at this time.

1915-519 for \$9.
1916-470 for \$7; 998 for \$2.
1917-604 for \$250; 626; 722 for \$15; 724 for \$3.50; 1088 for \$6; 1225 for \$100; 1345 for \$58.25; 1481 for \$18.60; 1523 for \$15; 1582 for \$24.70; 1583 for \$55.64; 1634 for \$147.50; 1641 for \$89.75.

1918-13 for \$40.

Whereupon board adjourned to January 23, 1918.

CHAS. W. REYNOLDS, Clerk.

TWO HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE
Priced under the \$3,000 mark—6-room houses, with light and city water. Call at the Democrat for name of owner, terms, etc.—adv. tf.

ITALIAN A FAITHFUL TOILER

Does Not Drop His Shovel as Other Laborers Do When the Whistle Blows.

There is a much lower percentage of criminality, immorality and insanity among the Italians than among any other immigrant races, Willard Price writes in the World Outlook. As for dependency, statistics for a representative year showed that out of every 28,000 Italians in the city of New York there was only one in the almshouse on Blackwell's island. James Forbes, chief of the mendicant department of the C. O. S., says he has never seen or heard of an Italian tramp. There are practically no drunkards among the Italians.

The immigrant from Italy proves to be a faithful and cheerful worker. When a contractor engaged in building a city sewer was asked why he had only Italians in his employ he replied: "Because they are the best workmen and there are enough of them. If an Italian down in that ditch has a shovel of earth halfway up when the whistle blows for dinner, he will not drop it; he will throw it up; others will drop it. And when the lunch hour is over, when the clock strikes the Italian will be leaning on his shovel ready to go to work, but the other fellows will be out under that tree and will be three minutes getting to the job, and three minutes each for 160 men is not a small item."

The Italians are industrious, good natured, very affectionate toward children, courteous and polite often to the point of dishonesty, generous and self-sacrificing. But the impulse of these excellent qualities is offset by the Italian's dense ignorance, which sentences him to spend the rest of his life after he reaches America in the drudgery of unskilled labor.

The best place to get your Sale bills and cards printed—The Democrat.

SOLDIERS WANT MINCE PIE

"Like Mother Used to Make"

Along the lines of the military encampments, mince pie proves to be prime favorite with the boys in khaki—from the noble little private straight up to the commanding officer all affirm it "great eats." They want the kind they used to get at home.

And as one piece of mince pie goes a long way toward a meal, the efficient American housewife is not slow to appreciate that she can turn this to advantage in her own home.

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT is made just as the best housewife makes the best mince meat in her own kitchen. The package recipes are good for pies, cakes, puddings, and cookies.

Bake a NONE SUCH War Pie—no top crust. Saves flour, shortening, labor, money—half the cost. Good, too. In this way you help the U. S. Food Administration.

For economy NONE SUCH is the leader, for it comes in a paraffin-lined package which prevents waste, and is cheaper than bulk mince meat bought by the pound. The package weight increases three times its weight when the necessary moisture is added. It costs only a few cents—is absolutely clean and keeps like fruit cake.

"The Five Tires"



Why It Costs Less to Have These Tires On Your Car

Because of their supreme mileage-giving qualities. For United States Tires are the standards of low mileage cost.

That is why their sales continue to forge ahead year by year, month by month.

That is why users of United States Tires last year are still users of United States Tires this year.

That is why, sooner or later, you, too, will be a user of United States Tires.

Ask the nearest United States Tire dealer which one of the five is suited to your needs of price and use.



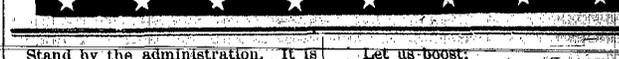
"Dear Dad—Your tobacco received yesterday, and, believe me it was like a message from Heaven. Bull Durham was as good to us as a meal is to a hungry man."

JACOB JAFFEE
In Active Service with the American Expeditionary Force
September 12, 1917

GENUINE **"BULL" DURHAM** TOBACCO

The Smoke of a Nation

Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co. INCORPORATED



Let us boost; No use of barking like a whelp— Let us boost. His is a most herculean task. In peace he has no time to bask; Therefore this favor I would ask. Let us boost!

If he has made some fool mistakes, Let us boost; That's what most anybody makes— Let us boost. Of course he is a democrat. And there is small excuse for that. But to him I take off my hat. Let us boost!

There's little use for cuffs and Hicks. Let us boost— Nothing gained by throwing bricks— Let us boost. We know that Woodrow is at fault. His henchmen do not earn their salt; They should be deposed but, halt! Let us boost!

The latest in wedding invitations and announcements at this office.

The president needs strength and help.

—Bixby

The president needs strength and help.

BUY CINDERELLA FLOUR

of Fortner Now

While you can get the genuine Cinderella of other days. All flour made now must conform to government regulations so get the same flour you have been using for years while it lasts.

FORTNER

Also sells meal, Graham and rye flour, feed for the chickens and your horses, hogs and cattle.

Poultry bought
Cream bought
Eggs bought.

See FORTNER for anything in the Hay, Grain and Feed Line.

OPPORTUNITY TO ENTER THE U. S. NAVAL ACADEMY AT ANNAPOLIS

By recent act of Congress the number of cadets at the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis is to be increased and the Third congressional district of Nebraska is to have an additional cadet. All candidates are required to be citizens of the United States and must, at the time of their examination for admission, be between the ages of 16 and 20 years. Also they must pass the physical and mental tests prescribed by the navy department. The mental test consists of examinations in practical spelling, English grammar, geography, United States History, arithmetic, algebra thru quadratic equations, and plane geometry (five books of Chauvenet's geometry or its equivalent.) Examinations will be held on the third Tuesday in February and the third Tuesday of April, 1918. Any young man interested in securing an appointment should correspond at once with Congressman Dan V. Stephens, Washington, D. C.

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—
Easy Russell (he signs it E. Z.) of the Twentieth Century Farmer has been at Washington to see about what they were doing there toward increasing the hog supply, and found that they did not need to do anything as the hog supply there appears to increase automatically with the opportunity to hog things. After telling his farmer friends how the snow looked along the way and that the farmers of Indiana and Ohio do some shocking things—they cut and shock their corn and thus conserve much food of the class we let go to waste, he tells about the Washington hog as follows:

"Washington is crowded—hotels, street cars, rooming houses, private houses, everywhere. There are thousands of people here temporarily. Just as I am, helping out during the war. In addition, Washington is the center for war purchasing, and that brings thousands here all the time looking after their interests along commercial lines. I noticed a statement recently regarding the population here and it shows that more than one-fourth of the city are colored.

"Prices for everything are plenty high. I don't believe I was ever any place where almost everything you need and want commands the price it does here. I am told that houses that a year or more ago rented for from \$60 to \$70 a month now bring \$250, and are hard to get at that. Rooms in private houses thirty or forty minutes out by street car, and by no means the best rooms at that, rent for from \$20 to \$25 per month. It looks like a good many of them go on the idea of getting plenty while the getting is good.

"Street railway service is by no means the best in the world, and I suppose it is not the fault of the street railway companies. They are called upon to handle a big increase in the number of passengers usually handled. I have thought before that I had traveled in crowded street cars but I never was in a place where they were so generally and thoroughly jammed."

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—
ADVERTISED LETTERS
Letter, George Irwin, W. N. Johnson, Miss Martha Pierce, S. Stradinger. C. A. Berry, Postmaster.



REV. GEORGE GUILLE
In Bible Institute at the Presbyterian church, February 10 to 17.

DIXON COUNTY COUNCIL OF DEFENSE AND SO-CALLED SLACKERS.

It has been reported to the council that there are many slackers in the county who refuse to make contributions to the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., and other war funds; but it has been ascertained that many people have not yet had the opportunity of subscribing with full knowledge of what the subscription means, and also what it means to refuse without adequate financial reasons.

The Council therefore urges all societies in the county to complete their canvass at the earliest possible time, giving everyone an opportunity and then report cases of refusal without adequate reason, which cases shall be promptly dealt with.

Signed for and on behalf of the Dixon county Council of Defense,
H. P. SHUMWAY, Chairman
Frank P. Williams, Secretary.
Wakarusa, Nebraska, Jan'y 11, 1918.

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—

SCHOOL NOTES

A class of thirteen pupils has entered the high school. This number was increased by the entrance of two new members, Ethel Fox and Marguerite Keeney.

The classes in business arithmetic and bookkeeping are proving very popular. The latest class of fifty-nine has been made into three sections. French is also proving attractive, over twenty students having elected that subject.

As a result of the midyear promotions, some of the upper grades are badly crowded. The Girls' Social and Service club at a recent meeting completed their organization by electing Verna Powers, treasurer. The executive committee is busy planning some interesting affairs for the near future. They are now interested in making scrap-books and selecting suitable stories to fill the covers recently purchased to be sent to soldier boys or hospitals.

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Reported by Forrest L. Hughes, bonded abstractor, Wayne.
Mary A. Pryor, et al. to Peter C. Jensen, NE 1/4 of NW 1/4 of sec. 28, twp. 26, range 2, in Wayne county; \$5,000.
Frank Weible and wife to George F. Gaebler, lots 8, 9, in Weible's second addition to Winside, also part of NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of sec. 2, twp. 25, range 2; \$375.

R. F. Kaun and wife to William G. Bernhardt and Gertrude Barnhardt, lots 1, 2, blk. 9, Hoskins; \$1400.

Eli B. Henderson and wife to Merchants State Bank, Winside, lot 28, blk. 3, Winside; \$5300.

Arthur L. Tucker and wife to William H. Belford, lot 14, blk. 8, original Carroll; \$700.

M. E. Way and husband to Parry A. Theobald, lot 2, in Conn & Britel's addition to Wayne; \$500.

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—

Discoveries in Palestine.

The discoveries which the British and Indian troops are making in Palestine of old churches and their sacred dust have reminded one of the soldiers of Sir Henry Layard's description of the excavators at Nimroud. When the first of the enormous figures began to appear above the earth Arabs raced to him—"Hasten, O Bey, for they have found Nimroud himself. Wallah, it is wonderful; we have seen it with our eyes. There is no God but God!" And they hid them in terror to their tents. The Anzacs were filled with different emotions, for like all the forces their ranks are furnished with highly educated as well as men of the old type of privates.

Won His Lost Watch.

An extraordinary watch story is told by a Welsh campaigner home on leave from African battlefields. When he was in German West Africa he lost a wristlet watch. It was not very valuable, so he did not worry a lot about it. But many months later, when on active service in German East Africa, he took a share in a raffle for a watch. He won, and to his amazement found that the prize was his own watch.

WHERE GRAMMAR CAME FROM

Barbarous Macedonian, Who Made Himself Owner of All Egypt, Held Responsible for Invention.

The world reached its highest knowledge of intelligence before grammar as even invented, much less studied. Ernest C. Moore writes in the Yale Review. I have had some curiosity to find out where and how so great a blight upon young life first came into being, and why it ever became a school study, and I find that the Greeks knew it not; that their triumphant literature and their matchless oratory came to flower before grammar was dreamed of; that it was not in any sense one of the great arts which they wrought out and with which they armed the human race; that after Greece had declined, a barbarous Macedonian made himself owner of all Egypt, and in order to surround himself with the most spectacular form of ostentation of which his vain mind could conceive, he set to collecting not only all the rare and precious objects and books and manuscripts there were in the world, but he capped it all by making a collection of the living men of the world who had any reputation anywhere for knowing and thinking.

Taking them from their homes where they had some relation to the daily necessities of human beings, and had really been of some use, he shut them up for life in one of his palaces at Alexandria, which the folks were in the habit of calling "the hen-coop of the muses;" and out of sheer desperation, since they could do nothing better to amuse themselves, they counted the words in the books which real men had written, and prepared tables of the forms and endings which the users of words employed. The lifeless dregs of books which their distilling left we now call grammar, and study instead of books and even speech itself. In their lowest depth of indifference to the moving, pulsing life of man, not even the Alexandrians sank so low as that.

TRUE LOVE OF SLOW GROWTH

But, Having Flowered, There is No Test Which It Cannot Pass With Triumph.

True, lasting love is a little slower in starting than is false love. It is a little more dignified; a little more truthful and pure from the start. It is less disturbed by jealousy and trifling differences. It is more sturdy, though less flamboyant. It is less easily disturbed by frosts of misunderstandings and other disturbances.

So much for the beginning of love. The second test of love is time separation—distance. The passing fascination shows itself in this test—it cannot pass it; it cannot last.

Only true love lasts, and that lasts because it reaches down to the bedrock of mutual esteem, and is of durable material; of mutual interests and sympathy it is compounded.

When love has passed its second test—time—it is usually able to pass its third test, which is altruism, or service.

At some time or other in life, love always asks: "What will you give for love? And he that loveth truly answers: I will give my time, my personality, my position, my wealth—all will I give for love.

But he that does not love deeply, says: I would keep love, but I do not wish to give up too much for it. Foolish fellow. His love falls in its test. He loses his love because he will not pay the price of keeping it.

The final test of love is its influence. True love makes one better. The wrong sort of love is degrading, not uplifting. He does not love truly who is not a finer, stronger personality because of love.

Real love is the sun of one's life; it brightens, gladdens, uplifts and beautifies. Philadelphia Inquirer.

Building Concrete Ships.

Concrete ships will displace the wooden-walled Norwegian barque. It is reported, the first Norwegian concrete ship having been launched at the Forsgrund Cement Works, in the presence of the prime minister, M. Knudsen. The ship is built on an entirely new system, with the bottom upwards, in which extraordinary position the launching took place on a sort of underlying sledge, which glided out with the ship. When the water was reached the hull became detached from the sledge and gradually sank up to a certain point, then subsequently slowly righted itself. The ship, which is of 200 tons burden, was built in three weeks, but the next will only require about half that time as the original frame will be used for each subsequent ship of the same size. The casting of the ship, when the frame is completed will this time take only two days. It is intended to start the wholesale building of iron and concrete ships of 200, 500 and 1,000 tons. A 1,000-ton ship will be completed in six weeks.

Rights of Man.

The superstitious awe, the enslaving reverence, that formerly surrounded affluence, is passing away in all countries, and leaving the possessor of property to the convulsion of accidents. When wealth and splendor, instead of fascinating the multitude, excite emotions of disgust; when, instead of drawing forth admiration, it is beheld as an insult upon wretchedness; when the ostentatious appearance it makes serves to call the right of it in question, the case of property becomes critical, and it is only in a system of justice that the possessor can contemplate security.—Thomas Paine.

Be Patriotic

And trade at the Central Meat Market. We are doing our "bit" toward winning the world war. We are providing you with the best of substitutes for the meats on MEATLESS DAYS.

Here you can secure the best of rations for as many meatless days as you care to observe. In fact, we think we can provide you with a menu so satisfying that you will not miss the meats needed for the soldier boys.

Chicken and other poultry, fresh and all kinds of salted fish, chopped and minced meats cooked for the table, oysters, cheese—several of the best varieties, celery etc, etc.

VEGETOLE—A pure vegetable fat and the best substitute for lard that is made. It has Armour's brand, a guarantee of quality.

Come to us for anything which helps to conserve for the soldier boys.

The Central Market

Two Phones 66 and 67 — Fred R. Dean

NEGOTIATING TELEPHONE SALE

The Blair Telephone company held a meeting last week and started the ball rolling which they hope will result in the purchase by the local company of the exchange of the Nebraska Telephone company at that place. The plan is to have the plants appraised by a committee of three competent engineers, the figures they give to be the basis of settlement of the sale of one concern to the other. The local company feel that they prefer to purchase rather than sell.

And it is possible that the Nebraska monopoly would rather sell, considering the uncertain hold which monopolies of that kind appear to have on affairs now. When the government gets the railroads it will not be a very long step to add the telephone lines to their holdings on a physical valuation basis and it is quite possible that the Nebraska sees the hand writing on the wall, and wants to get from under while the going is good.

The estimate on which they appear to be figuring puts the value of the Nebraska plant at about \$15,000. Their business for the past year is given at nearly \$27,000.

—\$1 to Jan. 1919—

German Lutheran Church
(Rev. Rudolph Moehring, Pastor)
There will be services at the Wayne church at 11 a. m. and at the Winside church at 3 p. m.

Kingsbury & Hendrickson

LAWYERS

Wayne, — Nebraska.

Frank A. Berry Frederick S. Berry

BERRY & BERRY LAWYERS

Wayne, — Nebraska.

Blacksmithing and Wagon Repairing

Having purchased the A. A. Wollert shop and business, I invite his patrons and others who know my ability as a workman to patronize this shop for their work in all kinds of blacksmithing and wagon repair work.

Just now horseshoeing is needed, and I am ready to serve you. Plow work, disc sharpening, etc. I am fitted to give you satisfactory work.

S. ICKLER

Successor to A. A. Wollert

South of depot, Main St. Phone Red 192

Pavilion Sale!

Jan. 26, '18

Live Stock Listed.

- 10 yearling heifers
- 1 mare coming 3 years old.
- 1 mare coming 2 years old.
- 1 good work horse.
- 1 good Shorthorn bull, 2 years old.
- 3 milch cows.
- 2 2-year-old heifers.
- 6 calves.
- 2 registered red boars.

List your property in time for adv. in next week's paper.

L. C. Gildersleeve

Sales Manager

The West Side Meat Market is This Week Making a Specialty of

BEEF BY THE QUARTER, WHOLE OR HALF CARCAS

at right price and quality

Fish every day; Pork, Mutton, and a full line of cured meats.

Sausage and Hamberger, Wieners and all manner of cased and cooked meats.

Pickles, Celery, Cheese and other side lines that go with the meat business.

West Side Market

The Place Where You Get Most for the Money.

Phone 46 JACK DENBECK, Prop.